

Pippin^{HT}™

DNA Size Selection System

Operations Manual

Software v.1.04

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The PippinHT instrument and gel cassettes are covered by U.S. patents
8,361,298 and 8,361,299.

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1 **Introduction**

Thank you for purchasing the PippinHT from Sage Science. The PippinHT is an automated preparative gel electrophoresis system.

We urge you to read this manual to familiarize yourself with the system's capabilities and precautions.

1.1 System Overview

There are three components to the PippinHT system:

- **Instrument** – *The instrument features two epifluorescent detector arrays, two barcode readers, an electrophoresis power supply, two electrode arrays, and a single-board computer. The system computer is accessed by an external LCD monitor, mouse, and keyboard. (Figure 1-1)*
- **Software** – *System software allows the user to:*
 - *Enter parameters that define the DNA fragment size ranges that are to be collected, and enter sample identifications.*
 - *Run the instrument and monitor operations.*
 - *View previous runs with a review screen, and track run data with saved run log files.*
- **Gel Cassettes** – *Pre-cast, disposable agarose cassettes are manufactured by Sage Science. Cassettes are supplied in kits that contain 10 cassettes and sufficient reagents to complete all collections. Kits have been developed to address DNA size range collections at various size ranges.*

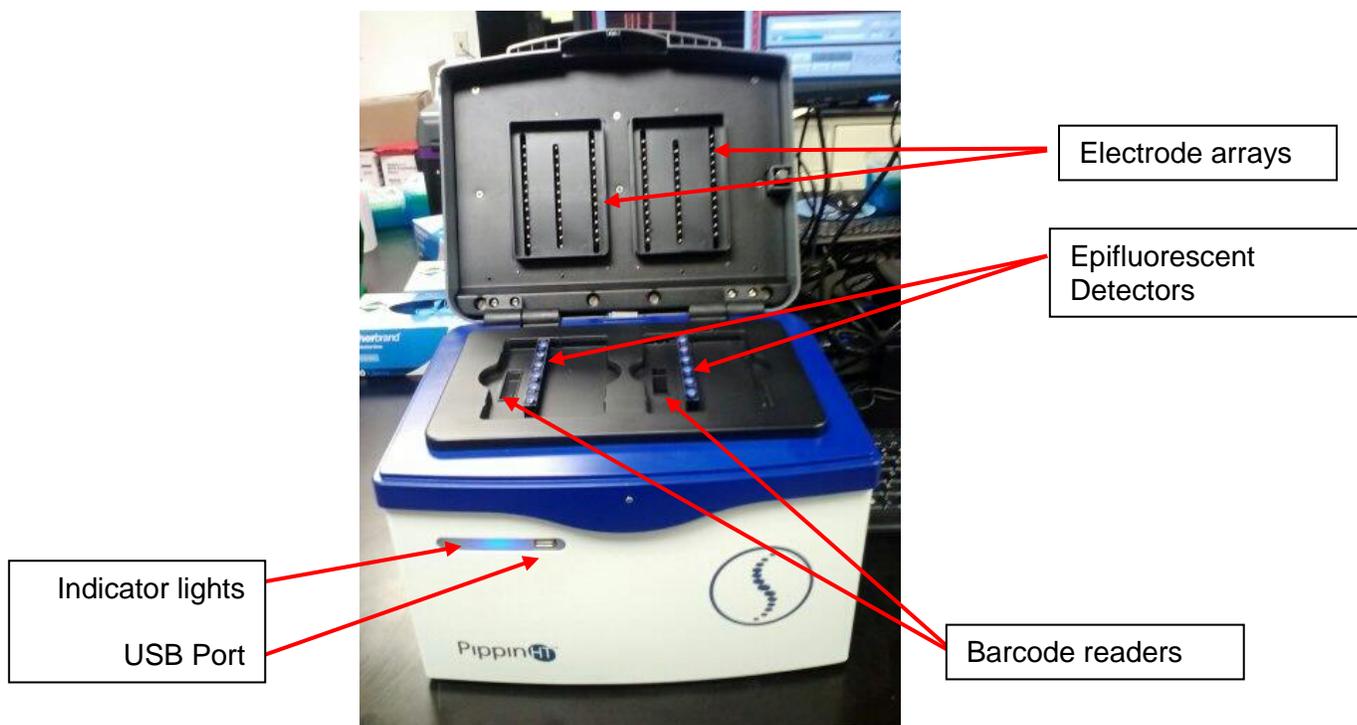


Figure 1.1. Layout of the PippinHT instrument

1.2 How the system works

The schematic in figure 1.2 illustrates agarose gel columns during separation of DNA fragments. Note that the optical detectors monitor the odd numbered lanes only. Accordingly, each lane-pair must run the same size selection protocol. If an external marker strategy is used, the marker must be run on an odd-numbered lane.

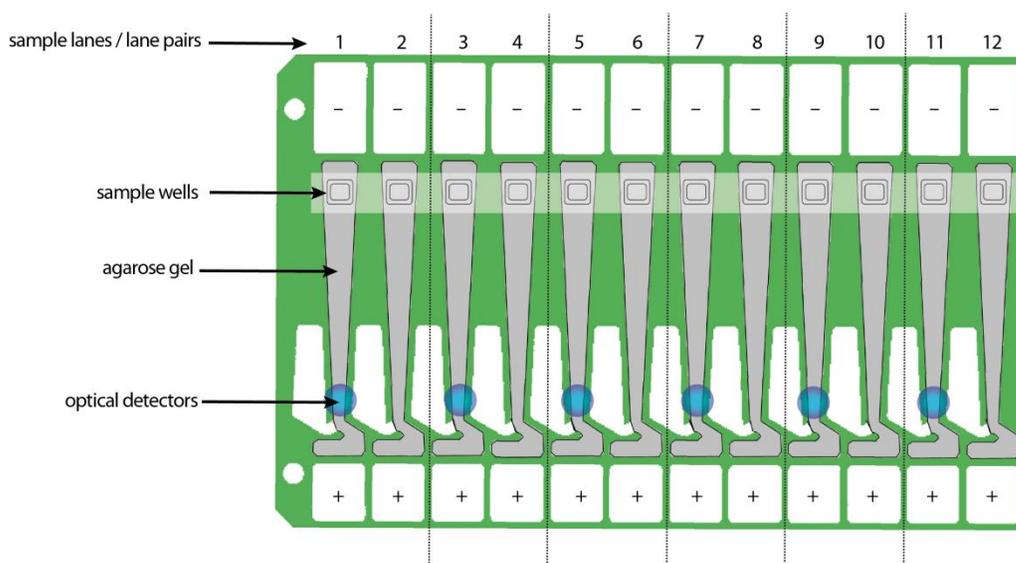


Figure 1.2. A gel cassette during separation. Detectors monitor odd-numbered lanes only.

Figure 1.3 illustrates a gel cassette in when eluting with the position of the wells which collect the size-selected fragments. Elution wells are bound with membranes and collect DNA in electrophoresis buffer.

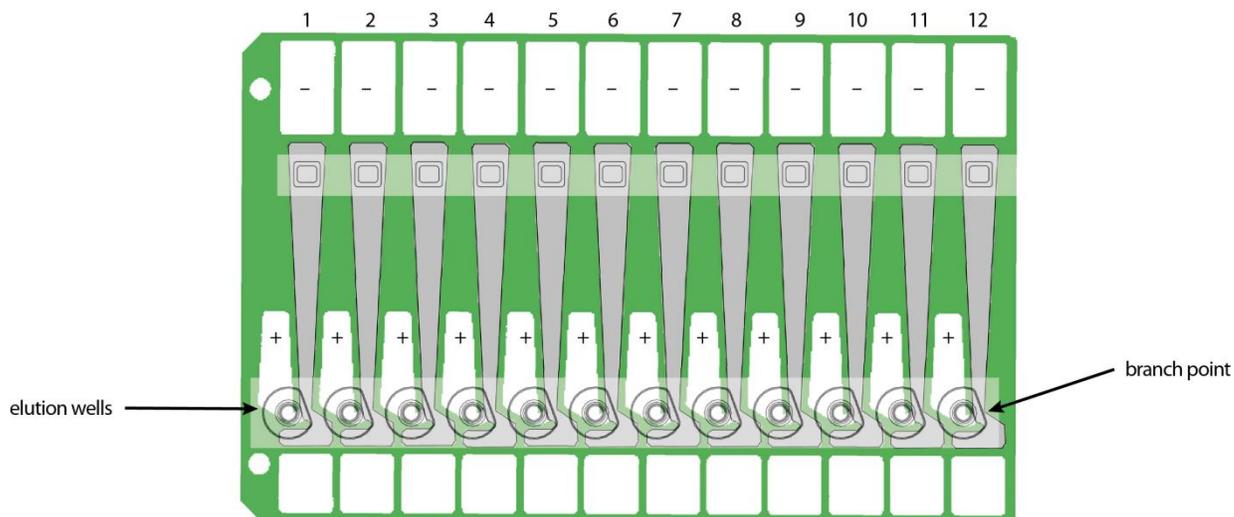


Figure 1.3. A gel cassette during Elution. Electrophoretic flow is diverted through elution wells by activating a second set of electrodes.

1.3 Collection Strategies

Collection timing (start, duration, and end) is based on the factory calibration settings provided with a cassette definition file, and the user-input size range settings in software.



Note: The agarose gel matrix does not contain intercalating dyes or gel stains, sample DNA is not viewable or monitored

Size Selections can be undertaken using one of the following strategies:

- **Labeled internal standards** – Fluorescein labeled DNA internal standards are added to samples, and run ahead of the input sample. The rates of migration of the internal standards are used to determine the collection timing* within the sample lane. Up to 12 samples may be run per cassette.



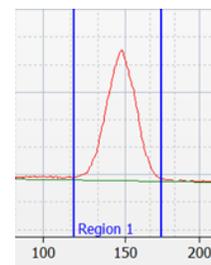
Note: The DNA sequence of internal standards may be found at www.sagescience.com/support section, on the PippinHT resources page.

- **Labeled external marker** – The fluorescein labeled DNA marker is loaded in a single dedicated sample lane during a run. The rates of migration of the markers are used to determine the collection timing the remaining sample lanes. At least one DNA marker and up to 11 samples per cassette must be run per cassette.
- **Timed runs** – The beginning and end time of elution (size selection) is set by the user. Neither internal standards or external markers are used.

1.4 Collection Types

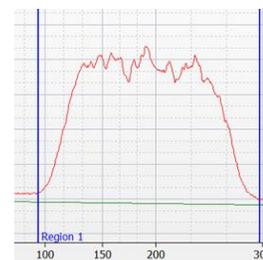
The PippinHT can be programmed to size select either targeted fractions or “High-Pass” collections. The fragment size distributions are described below:

1. Minimum Size Distribution (“Tight” setting). The cassette lane will collect the narrowest distribution of fragments that is achievable given the resolution of the agarose gel concentration within the cassette. The distribution is Gaussian, and its range is typically +/- 16% (CV 8%) of the median fragment size.



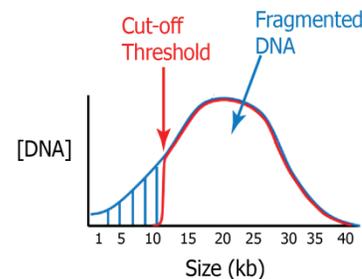
Tight

2. Range Size Distribution (“Range” setting). The cassette lane will collect a distribution of fragments between a starting base pair value and an ending base pair value. The actual start and end fragment sizes are typically within +/- 10% of the base pair values input into the software.



Range

3. High-Pass Size Distribution (uses “Range” setting). The cassette lane will collect all fragments above a base pair threshold. The method increases the average fragment length of the collection depending on threshold value and input DNA distribution profile. High-Pass protocols require an external marker to be run in one lane.



High Pass

* Although the cassette continues to collect until the end of the run, users must use range mode and enter either 50000 or 80000 as an end base pair value into the software.

1.5 Keys to Successful Collections

It is recommended that users closely follow the instructions outlined in this manual until they become thoroughly familiar with the system. The Quick Guide (included with cassettes) provides protocol reminders, but is not intended for beginning users.

Keys to successful collections are outlined in the following sections:

- **Purity of the input sample** (Section 5)
- **Optical Calibration** (Section 7)
- **Preparation of the cassettes** (Section 8)
- **Sample loading** (Section 10)

2 Safety and Precautions

Icons Used

In this manual, the following icons will be used to provide the user with information pertinent to the use of the PippinHT.



Caution! Warns the user that injury or instrument damage may occur if the contents of the warning are not properly followed.



High Voltage! Warns of the risk of electrical shock if the contents of the warning are not properly followed.



Important! Provide important information about the proper use of the system that may influence the quality of the result.



Note. Provides additional information regarding the function of the system or applications for which is used.



Caution! Class I invisible Laser Radiation Present. Avoid long-term viewing of laser.

Safe Use Guidelines



The PippinHT system is designed to operate under the following environmental conditions:

- Pollution Degree 2
- Installation category 2
- Altitude 2000m
- Indoor use
- Ambient temperature 17-32°C
- Humidity 10-80%, non-condensing



Standard laboratory precautions should be taken when handling PippinHT Gel cassettes and operating the PippinHT:

- Wear a lab coat, safety glasses, and gloves.
- Use in proximity of an eye wash station and/or running water.



Caution! The PippinHT was designed to be operated on a flat surface. Do not operate on a tilted surface or tilt during operation.

3 **Unpacking and Installation**

3.1 **Unpacking the PippinHT**

The PippinHT instrumentation is shipped in two boxes. One will contain the PippinHT and accessories. The second box will contain the computer monitor in the manufacturer's original packaging. With the boxes in the upright position, open and confirm that the following items are enclosed:

Monitor

- LCD computer monitor (1366 x 768)
- Video cable
- Power cord

PippinHT

- PippinHT Instrument
- Accessory box
 - Computer keyboard, USB
 - Computer mouse, USB
 - Power supply
 - Power cord
 - Mouse Pad
 - Operations Manual
 - USB Memory Stick
 - Two rinse cassettes (for maintenance of electrodes)
 - Two calibration fixtures (for setting optical baseline before each run)

3.2 **Setting up the PippinHT**

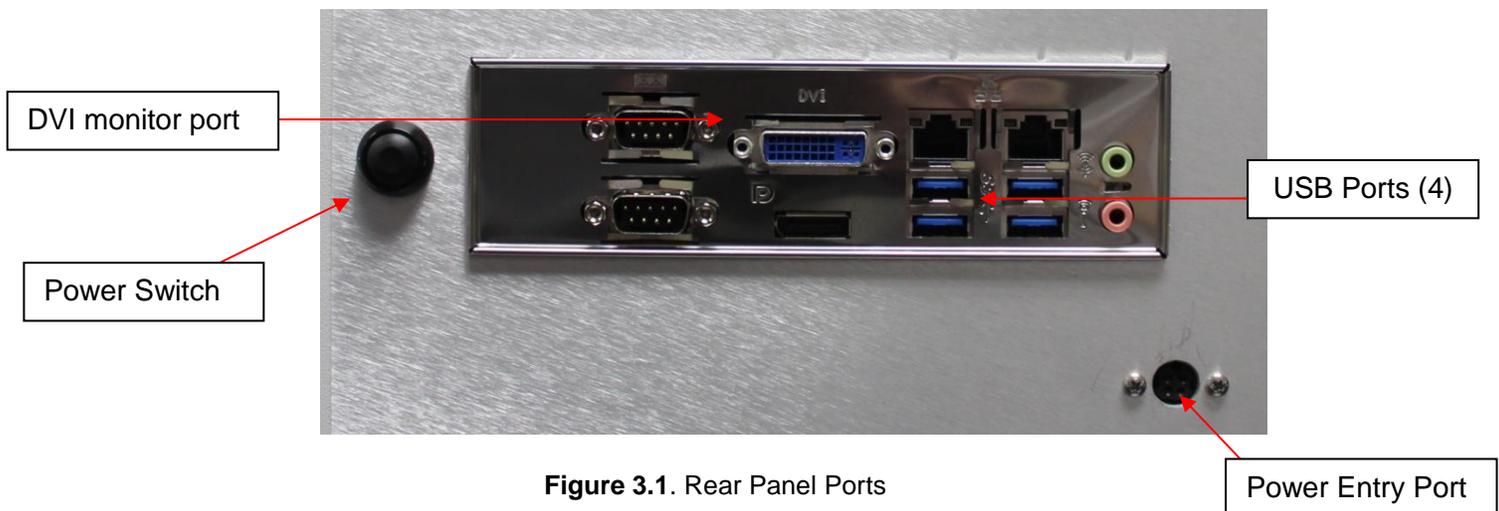
1. Remove the accessory box located just inside the instrument packaging from a cardboard shelf atop the instrument. Remove the keyboard, mouse, and instrument power supply from their packaging.
2. Remove the cardboard shelf from the box.
3. Remove the foam insert at the top of the instrument.
4. Reach into the box and grab the instrument from the bottom. The PippinHT weighs approximately 20 lbs. Place the instrument onto a table or bench top.
5. Return the foam inserts and cardboard shelf to the box. If feasible, place the box in storage.

6. Remove the computer monitor from the manufacturer's box and unpack the items.
7. Using the video cable provided by the manufacturer, connect the monitor (VGA port, under the monitor screen) to PippinHT (DVI port, on the rear panel, see figure 3.1).
8. Using the power cord and power supply provided by the manufacturer, plug the monitor into an electrical outlet.
9. Turn on the monitor.



Important! Make sure to plug in and turn the monitor on before powering the instrument. This way the proper screen resolution will be set automatically when the PippinHT software is launched. Otherwise, the PippinHT will need to be powered down and restarted to set the correct screen resolution.

10. Connect the computer keyboard to any USB port located in the back of the Instrument.
11. Connect the computer mouse to the PippinHT into a second USB port at back of instrument.
12. Connect PippinHT instrument to an electrical outlet using the power cord and power supply provided with the PippinHT. The power entry port is located is on the rear panel of the instrument (figure 3.1).
13. When instrument is powered up or power cycled, the blue LEDs on the instrument nests will be ON (figure 3.2).
14. Press power switch located on the rear of the instrument. The blue light on the front panel will turn on (figure 3.2).
15. Wait for software to launch, this will take 30 seconds - 1 minute. **The PippinHT is ready for use.**





3.3 Unpacking Gel Cassette Kits

Gel cassettes are shipped in boxes with the following items. Ensure boxes are in the upright position and confirm that following contents are present:

- 10 or 4 foil-sealed gel cassettes (**store at R.T.**)
- 1 package of adhesive tape for sealing elution wells
- User Quick Guide
- 1 reagent kit (2 packages) for all cassettes (**store at 4°C**)
 - Package 1 (10 cassettes, divide by half for 4-cassette kits)
 - 1200 μ l fluorescein-labeled DNA internal standards/loading solution mix (5 μ l/sample)
 - 2 x 60 ml of Electrophoresis Buffer
 - Package 2 (10 cassettes, divide by half for 4-cassette kits)
 - 2 x 600 μ l of loading solution (packaged separately) – for size selection using an external marker



Important! Fluorescein labels will degrade at room temperature – minimize time at RT for labeled standards and markers



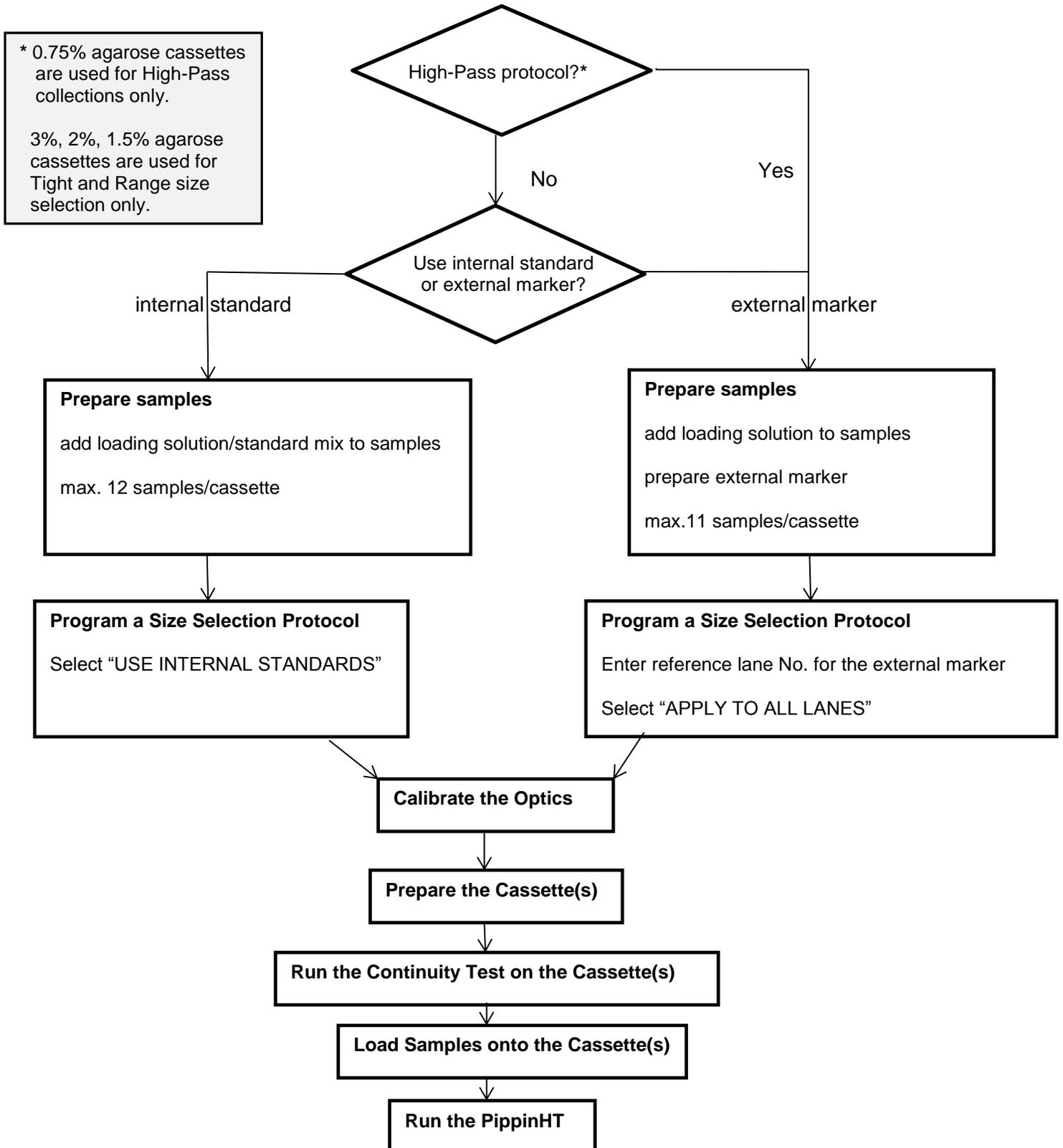
Figure 3.3. Gel Cassette Kit

3.3.1 Storage Conditions for Cassettes and Reagents

The following storage requirements should be observed:

- **Gel Cassettes**- Store at room temperature in the foil bags until ready for use.
- **DNA Internal standards / loading solution mix**- Store at 4°C. Equilibrate to room temperature before use. Return to 4°C, immediately after use.
- **Electrophoresis buffer** – may be stored at room temperature or 4°C. Equilibrate to room temperature before use.
- **Loading solution** – store at 4°C. Equilibrate to room temperature before use.

4 Workflow Summary



5 Sample Preparation

5.1 Input Sample Characteristics

When running the PippinHT™, characteristics of input DNA can affect separation resolution and efficiency of product recovery. The following general guidelines should be followed:

- **Ionic strength:** The ionic strength of the sample should be lower than the ionic strength of the buffer (80mM monovalent ions). High salt concentrations can result in slower than expected DNA mobility.
- **Protein in the sample:** DNA-binding proteins such as ligases or polymerases can affect the mobility of fragments during separation. Proteins can also reduce DNA recovery from the elution module by increasing the binding of DNA to the ultrafiltration membrane at the back of the elution module. For best results, samples should be de-proteinized prior to loading whenever possible.
- **Input DNA size distribution:** A knowledge of the input size distribution is obviously important to program accurate size selection settings. PippinHT cassettes are calibrated using the Agilent Bioanalyzer to evaluate input and product sizes, and so, for best results, input size distributions should be evaluated using the Bioanalyzer. For low concentration samples, the Agilent HS chip is very useful .

5.2 Preparing DNA Samples for the PippinHT

The marker provided with the PippinHT reagent kit may be used as either an internal or external marker. The method of sample preparation is dependent on the type of marker used.

5.2.1 Sample preparation for use with an internal standard

1. Bring the DNA sample up to 20 μ l with TE.
2. Bring the Standard/Loading-solution mix to room temperature (return to 4°C immediately after use).
3. For each sample, combine 20 μ l of sample with 5 μ l of Standard/Loading-solution mix.
4. Mix thoroughly by vortexing and centrifuge briefly.

5.2.2 Sample preparation for use with an external marker

Prepare the DNA samples

1. Bring the DNA sample up to 20 μ l with TE.
2. Bring the loading solution to room temperature.
3. For each sample, combine 20 μ l of sample with 5 μ l of loading solution.
4. Mix thoroughly by vortexing and centrifuge briefly.
5. Prepare external marker as described below.

Prepare the external marker

1. Bring DNA standard/loading solution mix to room temperature (return to 4°C immediately after use).
2. For each external marker, combine 5 μ l DNA standard/loading solution mix with 20 μ l of TE.
3. Mix thoroughly by vortexing and centrifuge briefly.

5.3 Recommended sample Load Guidelines

Maximum Load: **1.5 μ g** sheared genomic DNA

Minimum Load: **15 ng** sheared genomic DNA

6.1.1 Protocol Parameters Detail

The protocol parameters section is shown below. Size selection must be entered for lane pairs and different values may be entered for each lane pair. The odd-numbered lanes are the lanes which are optically detected.

Lane	Programming Modes			Size selection parameters (in base pairs)				Time-mode parameters			Sample ID Template	LED On	Range Flag	Pause On
	Tight	Range	Time	Target *	Start *	End *	Pause *	T Start	T End	T Pause				
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00		<input type="checkbox"/>	tight	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>									<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	300	200	400	250	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00		<input type="checkbox"/>	broad	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>									<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0	0	0	00:30:00	00:40:00	00:00:00		<input type="checkbox"/>	none	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>									<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00		<input type="checkbox"/>	none	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>									<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00		<input type="checkbox"/>	none	<input type="checkbox"/>
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>									<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>
11	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00		<input type="checkbox"/>	none	<input type="checkbox"/>
12	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>									<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>

The function of the columns or fields are provided below. From left-to-right:

Programming Modes

The user selects which of the three size selection modes that will be used. When this is selected, the editable fields will appear in the size selection parameters:

- **Tight** - collects the narrowest fragment distribution that can be collected by the system.
The user enters a target base-pair value (the median for the distribution) in the size selection parameters.
- **Range** – collects a fragment range. The user enters a start and end base-pair value in the size selection parameters.
- **Time** – collects fragments base on a starting elution time (time after the beginning of a run) and ending elution time.

Ref Lane

This indicates which lane is used for an internal standard or external marker. The default is off. Internal standard runs will display the same lane number as the parameter field. For external marker runs, each field will display the lane number into which the marker was loaded.

Size Selection Parameters

Users enter the size selection parameters in these fields, in base-pairs, based on the programming mode that was selected. The "Pause" field pauses the instrument to allow users to collect two serial collections. The value in the Pause field must be a value within the size range selected (i.e. if a 200-400 bp range is selected, the Pause value must be between 201 and 399).

Time Mode Parameters

Users enter the size select parameters, as time (hh:mm:ss) after the start of a run. The Pause value must be within the start time and end time that were entered (T Start and T End).

Sample ID Template

Users can optionally enter Sample ID Template text. These fields are stored with the saved protocols and appear in the Sample ID field whenever the protocol is used. If sample information is entered or imported into the Sample ID field in the Main screen, then the Sample ID Template names will prefix the Sample ID names.

LED On

The LED on indicates a light gray color when the optical detector will be on during operation. Advanced users can disable some LED detectors in the protocols.

Range Flag

The Range Flag is a visual indicator of type of size selection. Tight collection display green and range collections above the minimum distributions indicate an orange color and the word "Broad". If a range distribution is selected the is below the minimum achievable, the display will indicate a yellow color and the word "yellow". Timed mode selections do not indicate a range flag.



Note: Size selections can be entered that are below the minimum possible. In these instances, the range flag will indicate a yellow color and the work "narrow". These collections will not have a narrower fragment distribution, but the specified minimum with a lower yield:

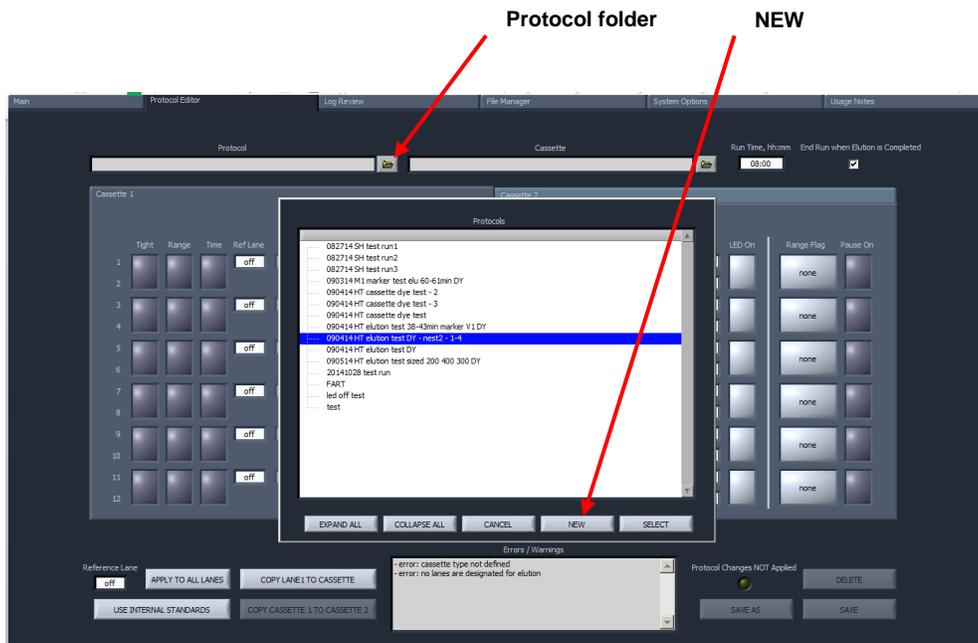
**Pause On**

The Pause On displays a light gray color if the pause feature has been enabled for that lane-pair.

6.2 Writing a Size Selection Protocol

The procedure below describes programming using internal standards. Users should also follow this procedure if using external markers, and then read section 6.3 for specific information about using external markers.

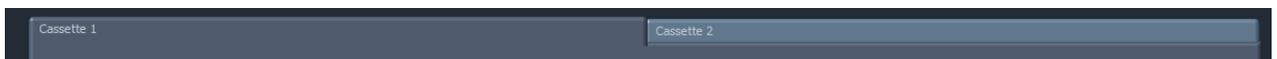
1. Click the “Protocol Editor” tab along top of the screen.
2. Click the Protocol folder icon. A pop-up screen will appear that lists previously saved protocols. Select “NEW”, to create a new protocol. This will clear all of the fields in the screen to the default state.



Note: Previously save protocols may be selected and opened from the protocol pop-up window. These may be edited and saved or resaved with a new file name. Any changes to a protocol or the default screen will initiate a flashing yellow light in the lower right hand corner under a “Protocol Changes NOT Applied” message. This will remain flashing until the protocol is saved or resaved:



3. If necessary, click on the tab for Cassette 1 (Cassette 2 may also be selected if it is the only cassette to run with the protocol). It is important to keep track of which cassette is being programmed for.

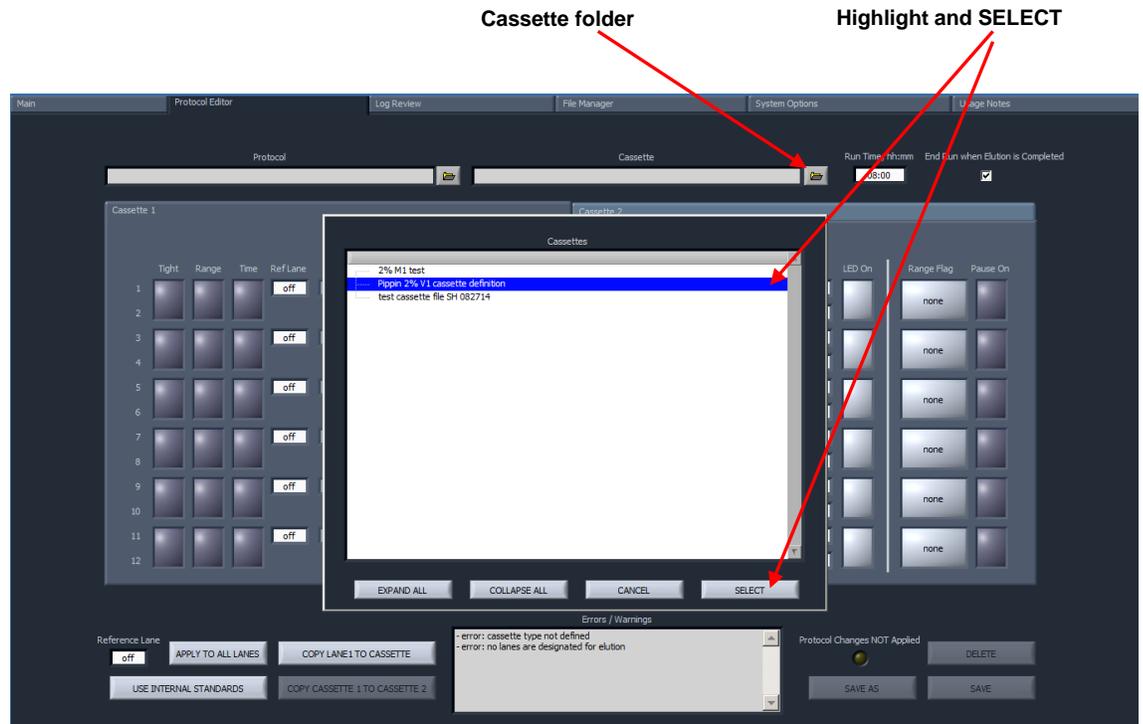


Note: Parameters programmed on Cassette 1 may be copied to Cassette 2, but not vice versa. If creating a 2-cassette protocol, starting with cassette 1 is recommended.

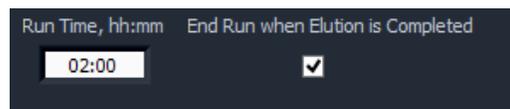
- Click the **Cassette** folder icon. A pop-up screen will appear that lists the available cassette type definitions. Highlight the cassette definition that is appropriate for the cassette kit that is used (for example: "2% Agarose, 100-600bp, 20B"). Press **Select** to load the definition.



Note: Size selection parameters may not be entered until a Cassette Type Definition has been selected.



Note: A run time value is displayed. This value is set by the cassette definition, and represents a maximum run time allowed in the event of a malfunction. This does not have a bearing on the actual run time, which ends when the final elution is complete. Users should not change this value or uncheck the box in most run scenarios.



5. Enter the size selection parameters for lane pair 1-2. Examples are provided below:

- **Tight** – collects minimum allowable distribution range of DNA fragments using the median target base pair value.

	Tight	Range	Time	Ref Lane	Target *	Start *	End *	Pause *	T Start	T End	T Pause
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>								

- **Range** – allows users to select a wider range to be collected using starting and ending base pair values.

	Tight	Range	Time	Ref Lane	Target *	Start *	End *	Pause *	T Start	T End	T Pause
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	off	300	200	400	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>								

- **Time** – allows users to program extractions using the starting and ending elution time (hh:mm:ss) values only (**a reference DNA marker is not used**)

	Tight	Range	Time	Ref Lane	Target *	Start *	End *	Pause *	T Start	T End	T Pause
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	off	0	0	0	0	00:15:00	00:19:00	00:00:00
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>								

6. Enter Sample ID Template information (optional). These will be saved with the protocol and prefix to Sample ID information imported (also optionally) into the Main screen when initiating a run.

Sample ID Template
Project A

7. Press “COPY LANE 1 TO CASSETTE” to copy the size selection parameters to the remaining lane pairs on Cassette 1.



Note: Each lane pair may be programmed separately with different parameters. Only lanes 1-2 may be copied, however.

The screenshot shows the Protocol Editor window for Cassette 1. The table below represents the data visible in the interface:

Lane	Tight	Range	Time	Ref.Lane	Target *	Start *	End *	Pause *	T Start	T End	T Pause	Sample ID Template	LED On	Range Flag	Pause On
1				off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	Project A		light	
2														none	
3				off	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00			none	
4														none	
5				off	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00			none	
6														none	
7				off	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00			none	
8														none	
9				off	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00			none	
10														none	
11				off	0	0	0	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00			none	
12														none	

Buttons at the bottom: Reference Lane (off), APPLY TO ALL LANES, COPY LANE 1 TO CASSETTE (highlighted with a red arrow), USE INTERNAL STANDARDS, COPY CASSETTE 1 TO CASSETTE 2, Errors / Warnings (error: "tight", "range" and "peak" lanes require a reference lane), Protocol Changes NOT Applied, DELETE, SAVE AS, SAVE.

COPY LANE 1 TO CASSETTE

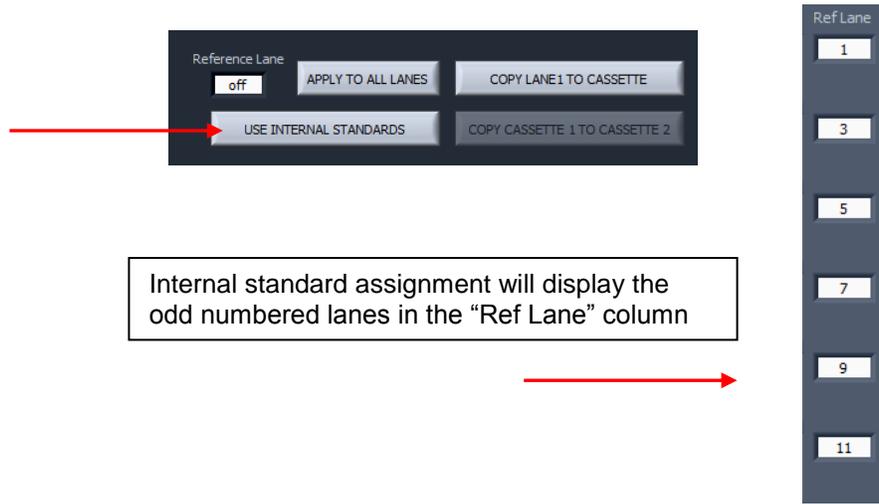


The screenshot shows the Protocol Editor window for Cassette 1 after the action. The table below represents the data visible in the interface:

Lane	Tight	Range	Time	Ref.Lane	Target *	Start *	End *	Pause *	T Start	T End	T Pause	Sample ID Template	LED On	Range Flag	Pause On
1				off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	Project A		light	
2												Project A		light	
3				off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	Project A		light	
4												Project A		light	
5				off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	Project A		light	
6												Project A		light	
7				off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	Project A		light	
8												Project A		light	
9				off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	Project A		light	
10												Project A		light	
11				off	200	180	220	0	00:00:00	00:00:00	00:00:00	Project A		light	
12												Project A		light	

Buttons at the bottom: Reference Lane (off), APPLY TO ALL LANES, COPY LANE 1 TO CASSETTE (disabled), USE INTERNAL STANDARDS, COPY CASSETTE 1 TO CASSETTE 2 (highlighted), Errors / Warnings (error: "tight", "range" and "peak" lanes require a reference lane), Protocol Changes NOT Applied, DELETE, SAVE AS, SAVE.

8. Press the **USE INTERNAL STANDARDS** button to assign size selection based on the internal standard run within its lane-pair.



Note: Refer to the next section (6.3) for instructions on using and external marker.

9. Press the “Cassette 2” tab. This will present the Cassette 2 screen for programming or editing.
10. Press **COPY CASSETTE 1 TO CASSETTE 2** to copy the size selection parameters (including the Sample ID Template information) applied to cassette 1 to cassette 2.



Note: Cassette 2 may be programmed separately (or edited after copying) with different parameters.



Warning! The copy functions will overwrite and pre-entered values.

11. Press **SAVES AS** to save the protocol. A pop-up window will appear that displays the protocols folder. Enter a file name and press **OK**.

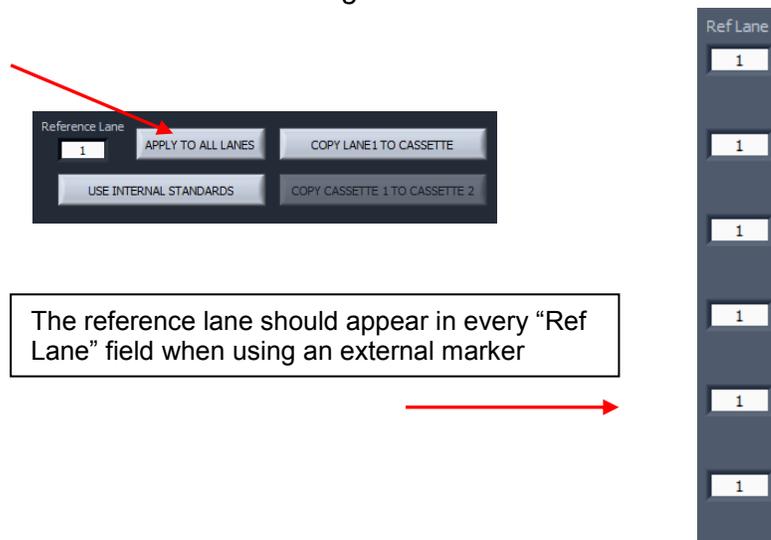
6.3 Using an External Marker

An external marker can be used to calibrate the size selection in the remaining lanes of a cassette. To do this, each cassette kit is supplied with loading solution (in lieu of the internal standard/loading solution mix) to add as a densifying agent (5 μ l) to the DNA samples (20 μ l) - see Section 5. An external marker is made by adding standard/loading solution mix (5 μ l) to TE (20 μ l). The marker may then be loaded into the optically detected lane (any odd numbered lane), and the remaining lane pairs will use the marker to calibrate the elution timing.

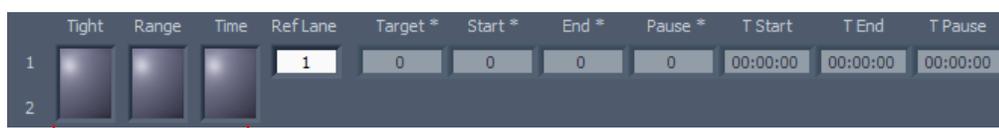
1. Allocate a lane (lane 1 is highly recommended) into which the external marker will be loaded.
2. On the Protocol Editor screen, select that lane in the "Reference Lane" field in the marker assignment area.



3. Press the **APPLY TO ALL LANES** button to assign size selection in remaining lanes based on the external marker designated lane.



4. Make sure the reference lane-pair programming modes are off.



Programming modes should be off



Note: *The lane-pair used for an external marker may be used for size selection as well, provided Start value (not the Target value) is higher than any other Start value in the remaining lanes. Users should be very careful when doing this.*

5. *Refer to back to Section 6.2 for the remaining instruction for programming a protocol.*

7 Optical Calibration

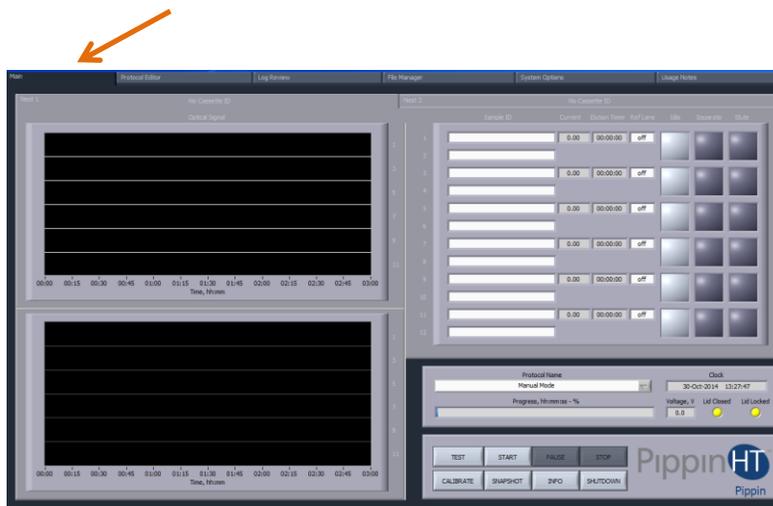
The PippinHT optical system must be calibrated before every run. The instrument is supplied with two calibration fixtures that fit over the LED detectors on the optical nest.



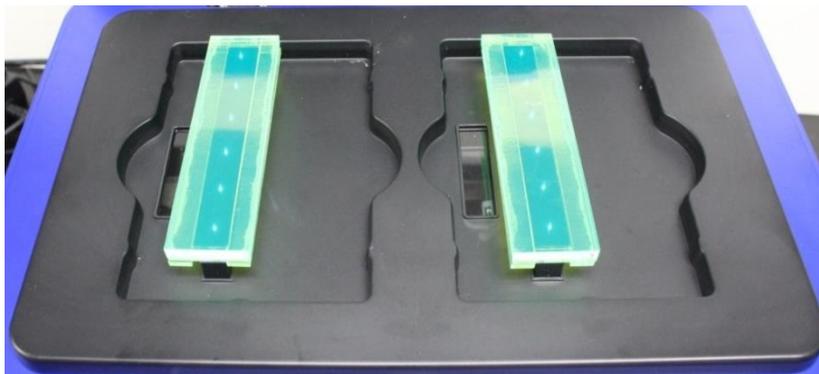
Important! The LED optical array turns off after detecting internal standard peaks. This ensures that there is no possibility of DNA nicking from the light source. Therefore it is critical that the LED are calibrated anew before each run.

The LEDs will be OFF after a run, and ON after calibration and prior to a run.

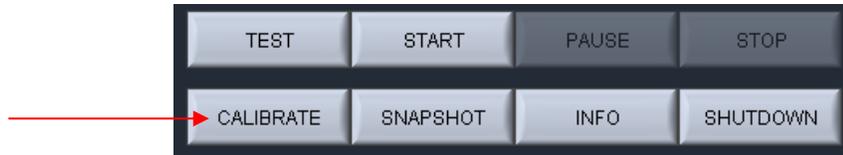
1. Press the Main tab.



2. Place the calibration fixture(s) over the optical arrays on each of the nest(s). Ensure that all LED detectors are covered. The dark side of the fixture must be down (closest to the LEDs):



3. Close the lid.
4. From the main screen click CALIBRATE.



5. An “LED Calibration” window will launch. The “Calibration Status” field will contain the message “Ready for calibration”. Press CALIBRATE.

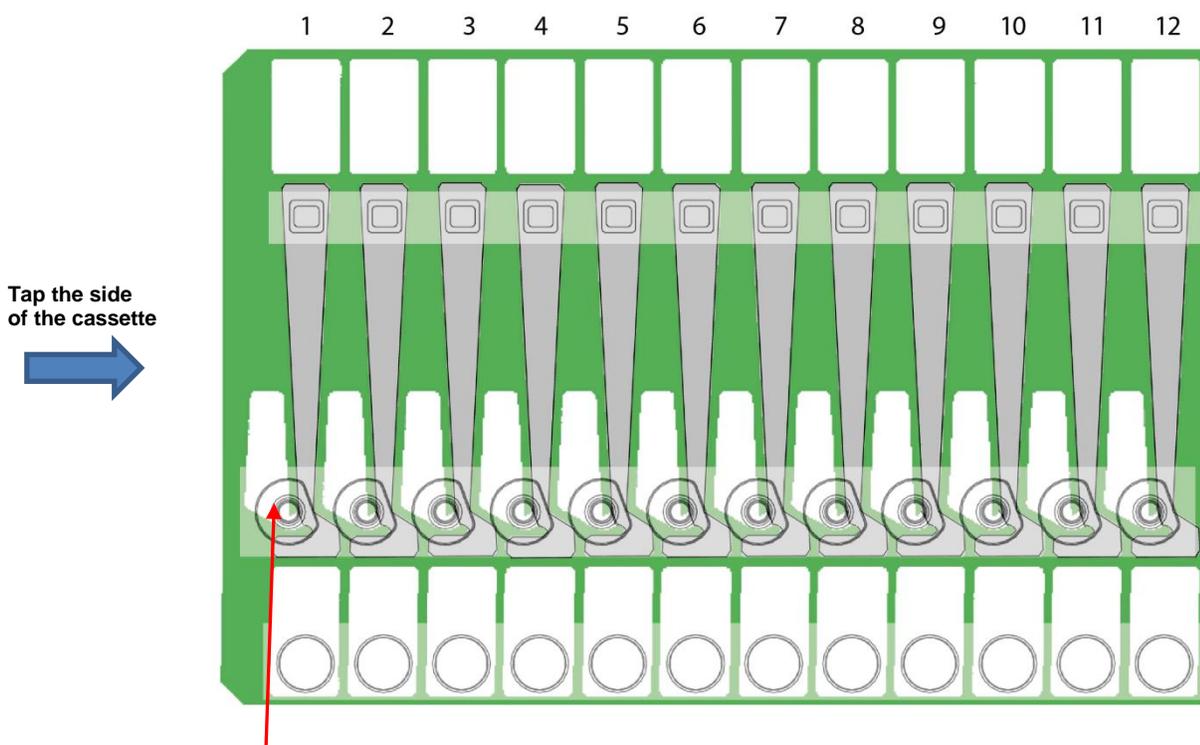


6. The LED photocurrents will automatically adjust to a factory setting, and the “Calibration Status” field will contain the message “Calibration OK”.
7. Press EXIT to return to the Main Tab.



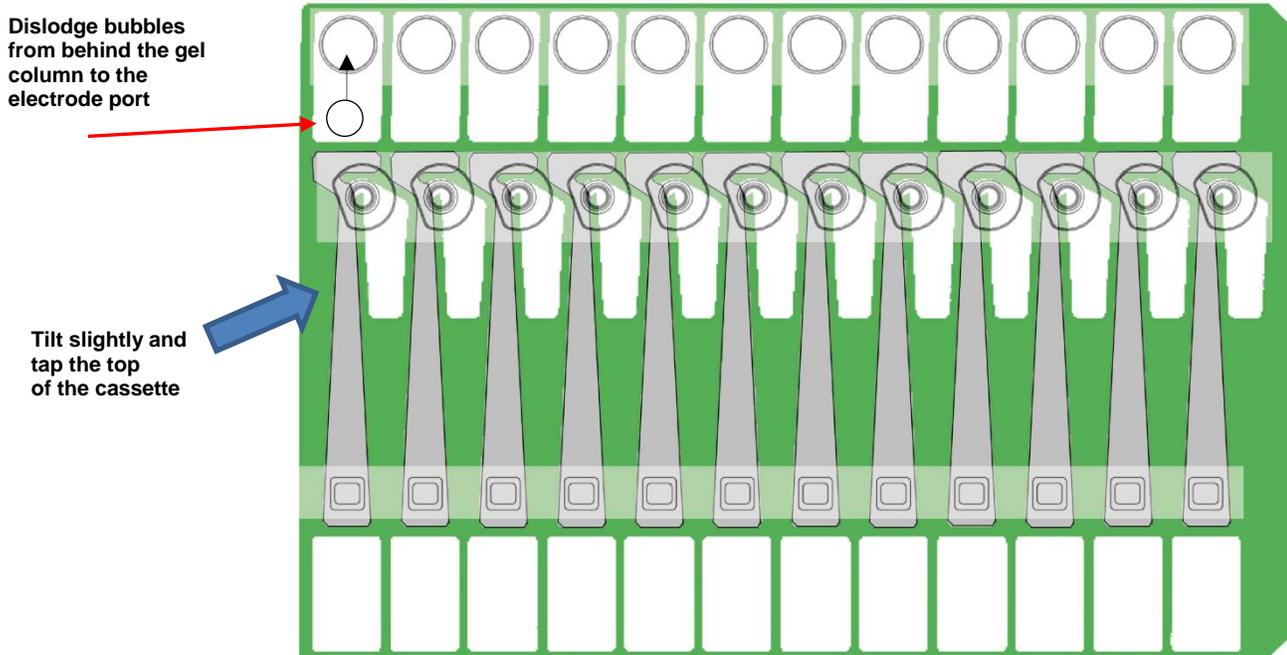
8 Preparing a Cassette

1. **Remove the cassette from foil packaging.** Foil package is scored at one end to allow tearing.
2. **Inspect the gel columns.** Inspect the cassette from the top and underneath. Look for any obvious breakage in any of the gel columns.
3. **Dislodge bubbles from behind the elution modules.** Hold the cassettes sideways, with the sample wells up, and gently tap the side of the cassette. Use the schematic below as a guide.

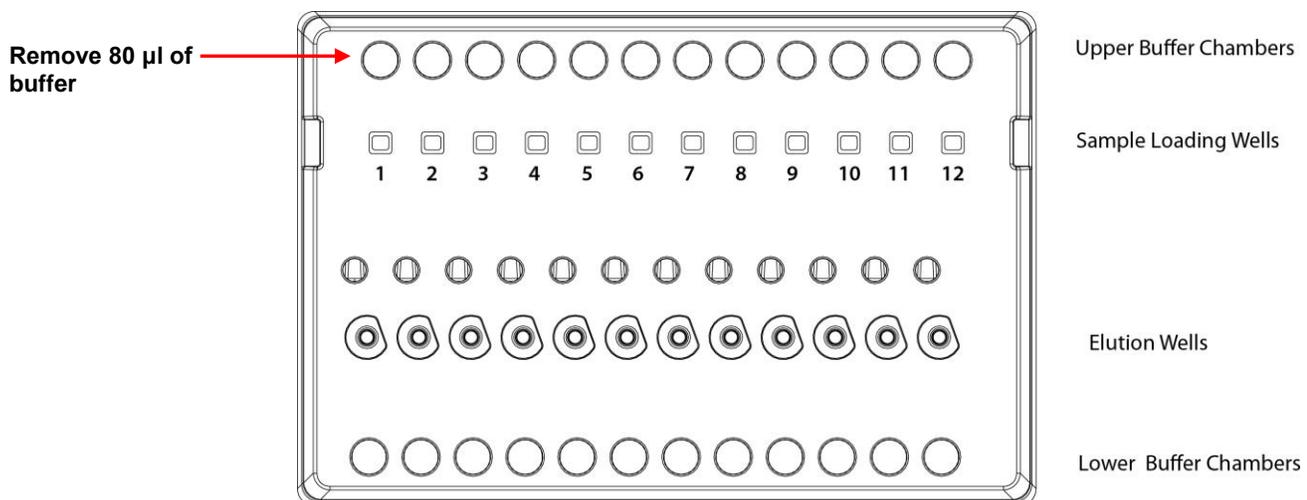


Dislodge bubbles upwards from behind the elution wells

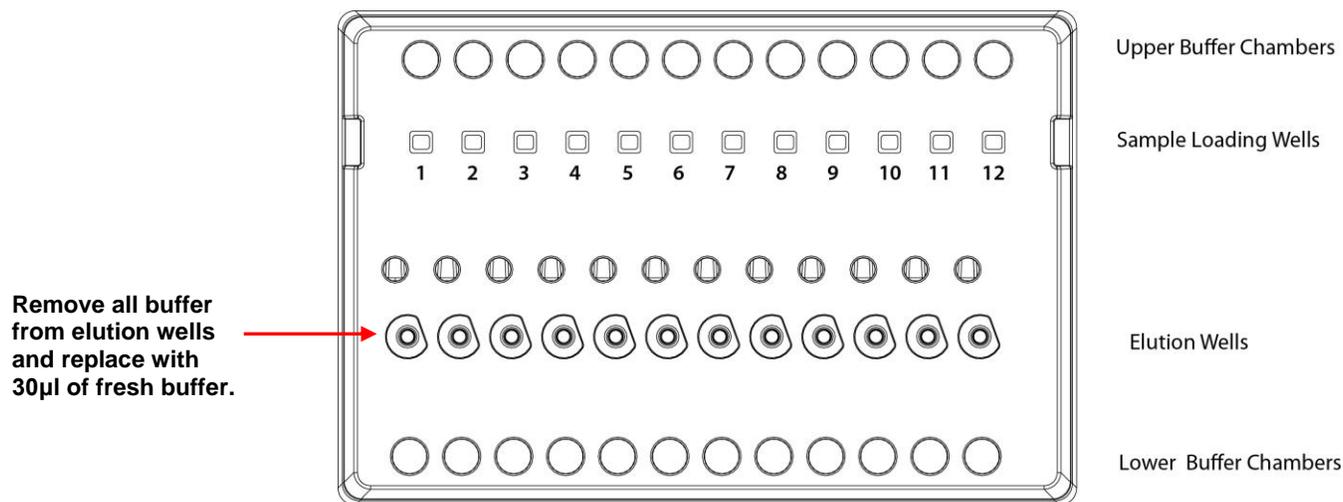
4. **In the lower buffer chamber, move bubbles from behind the gel column, to the electrode port.** Tilt the cassette at a slight angle, with the elution port side up. Gently tap the top of the cassette to dislodge bubbles from behind the gel column to below the electrode port openings.



5. **Remove adhesive strips from cassette.** With the cassette on the benchtop, place one hand on the cassette, and hold it firmly in the nest. Grab the white tabs of the tape and pull the strips firmly and slowly until they are removed.
6. **Remove 80 μ l of buffer from the upper electrode buffer chambers.**



7. **Remove all buffer from elution modules and replace with 30µl of fresh electrophoresis buffer.** Replenishing the buffer ensures proper electrophoretic continuity. When refilling empty modules, place tip all the way into the module and slowly fill from the bottom, withdrawing the pipette tip while dispensing, and taking care not to generate any bubbles that can occlude the current path. Use spare buffer that has been supplied with the cassette package, or pipette from the buffer chambers.



Important! Make sure that the pipette tips extend all the way to the bottom of the elution modules without sealing the elution port opening. If the tips seal the port opening, it will be extremely difficult, or impossible, to empty and refill the elution module completely. Test tip fit using the empty rinse cassette supplied with the instrument.

8. **Seal the elution wells with the adhesive tape strips.** Tape for sealing the elution wells are supplied with cassette packaging. Long elutions will cause the elution wells to overflow if not sealed. Place tape over the elution wells and rub firmly to fix the tape in position. For best results, rub the tape at the boundary of the well with a smooth hard object such as the back end or a lab marker pen.
9. **Place the cassette(s) onto the PippinHT nest(s)**

9 Continuity Test

The continuity test measures the current in each separation and elution channel and determines whether they are within the expected values for a successful run.



Important! Temperature affects electrical current readings. If cassettes have been refrigerated, they will fail the current test until the cassette is at least 17°C (62°F). Should this be the case, wait until the cassette temperature has equilibrated to room temperature and re-test.

1. Place prepared cassette(s) is onto the instrument nest(s).
2. Close the instrument lid.
3. In the Main screen, press **TEST**.



4. **Continuity Test will Automatically Run.** The continuity test pop- screen will launch. The separation and elution channel test parameters are displayed and the electrical current results will be listed after several seconds.

Continuity Test Parameters				
I separate max, mA		I elute max, mA		
1.95		1.55		
I separate min, mA		I elute min, mA		
1.55		1.15		
Nest 1 Cassette		Nest 2 Cassette		
No Barcode Reader		No Barcode Reader		
Nest 1 Actual Lane Currents, mA		Nest 2 Actual Lane Currents, mA		
Separation	Elution	Separation	Elution	
0.78	0.00	1	0.73	0.00
0.80	0.00	3	0.70	0.00
0.41	0.00	5	0.71	0.00
0.72	0.00	7	0.41	0.00
0.72	0.00	9	0.77	0.00
0.72	0.00	11	0.73	0.00
PLEASE WAIT...		PLEASE WAIT...		
TESTING...		RETURN		

5. A successful continuity test will return a "PASS" message.

Continuity Test Parameters

I separate max, mA	I elute max, mA
3.20	3.00
I separate min, mA	I elute min, mA
2.10	2.00

Nest 1 Cassette	Nest 2 Cassette
BNLA111	No Cassette ID
Include in Test	Include in Test
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Nest 1 Actual Lane Currents, mA		Nest 2 Actual Lane Currents, mA		
Separation	Elution	Separation	Elution	
2.71	2.43	1	2.68	2.43
2.67	2.49	3	2.63	2.47
2.62	2.52	5	2.64	2.08
2.63	2.51	7	2.65	2.60
2.65	2.56	9	2.67	2.53
2.67	2.58	11	2.69	2.53

PASS PASS

TEST RETURN

6. Press "RETURN" to return to the Main screen.

10 Loading Samples

Proper sample loading is critical for best performance of PippinHT cassettes. For maximum reproducibility and accuracy, the sample should travel through the central section of the gel column, and should be bounded on all four sides by uniformly conductive media – either gel or electrophoresis buffer. The goal of the loading procedure is to produce this geometry in the sample loading well, as illustrated in the bottom section of **figure 10.1**. Properly prepared samples will be 25 μl in total volume consisting of 20 μl of DNA mixed with 5 μl of loading solution/internal standard mix. The loading solution contains concentrated Ficoll as a densifying agent, and therefore the samples will sink and form a high density layer beneath the electrophoresis buffer when pipetted slowly into the sample wells. If there is insufficient conductive buffer over the sample, the electrophoretic forces lines will curve upward as the sample exits the well (see **figure 10.1**, upper section), and the sample will be drawn to the top of the cassette where it can travel out of the gel into the gap between the gel column and the plastic top of the channel. Sample moving in this gap will travel at a different rate than the sample inside the gel column, and will lead to elution of undesired size fractions in the eluted material. In such cases, the contaminating DNA will usually (but not always) be higher in molecular weight than the selected DNA.

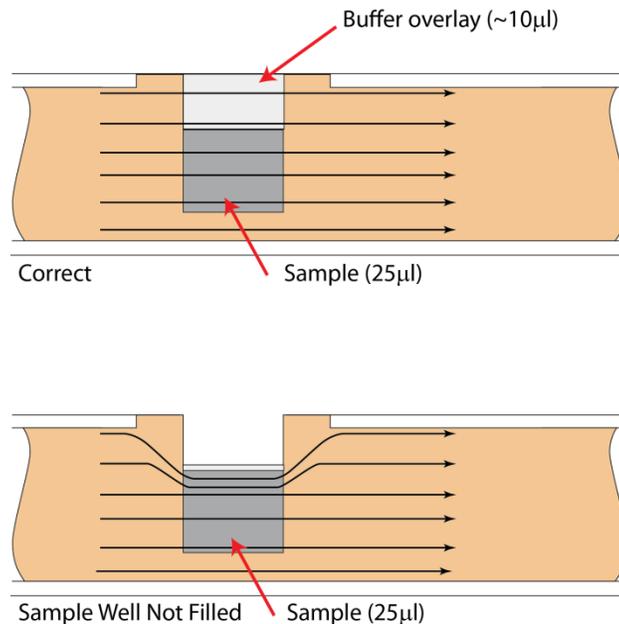


Figure 10.1. An illustration of the electrophoretic effect on a DNA sample when a sample well is not completely filled.

1. **Re-check the buffer level in the sample wells.** Make sure that sample wells are completely full to the top with electrophoresis buffer. Top off with additional buffer, if necessary.
2. **Remove 30 μ l of buffer (from the first sample well if using a single channel pipette).** Take care not pierce the agarose with the pipette tip. There is gel on all sides and bottom of the sample well. In addition, there is an agarose “chimney” surrounding the top of the sample well that protrudes up through the cassette cover (see **Figure 9.1**). When removing buffer, some users find it useful to immerse the pipette tip just below the surface of the buffer and follow the liquid level down with the tip as the buffer is removed. When buffer removal is completed, there will be ~10 μ l of buffer left in the well.
3. **Load 25 μ l of sample.** When adding sample, place tip of pipette just below the surface of the buffer, and follow the liquid level up with the tip as the well fills. Don't be concerned if the sample well slightly overfills. The density of the sample will allow it to sink before it can flow out of the well.
4. **Repeat step 2 for remaining wells, if using a single channel pipette.** It is not recommended that remove buffer from all wells and the load all wells in a second procedure. With a single channel pipette, each well should be loaded before the next.

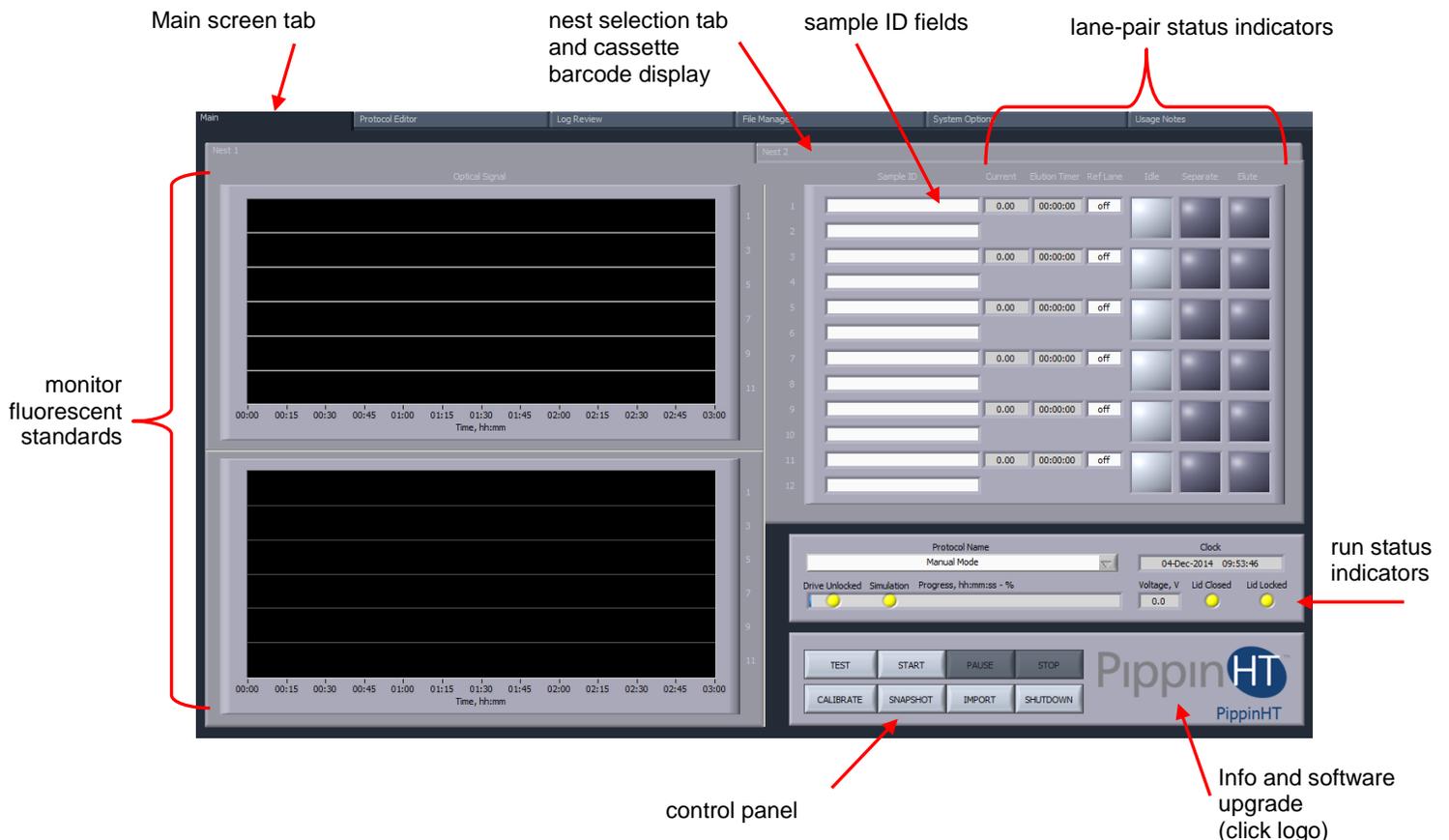
11 Running the PippinHT

The default screen on the PippinHT is a tabbed format. The Main screen is the first tab.

11.1 Overview

The Main screen is the interface with users control the PippinHT instrument and initiate operations for running gel cassettes. Its functions include:

- Starting, pausing, or stopping a run
- Monitoring fluorescent markers in a run
- Monitoring the progress or status of a run
- Importing sample identification for a run
- Operating an optical calibration test
- Operating a cassette continuity test
- Accessing the software upgrade utility
- Powering down the instrument
- Saving a screenshot of the Main Screen
- Load a new protocol



11.2 Sample Tracking

Sample tracking is facilitated at several levels including barcoding, sample ID importing, and log files.

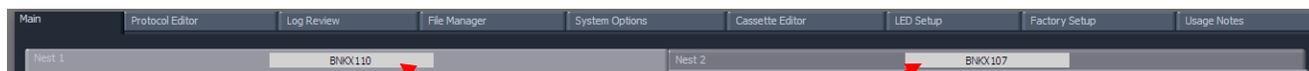
11.2.1 Gel cassette barcodes

Each gel cassette has a unique serial number that is placed on a bar coded label. To bar code labels are adhered to every cassette. Lot number and date of manufacture are embedded in the serial number:

- **Bottom of the cassette** – This barcode is read by the PippinHT instrument nests. The barcode is read when a continuity test is completed, and when a run is started. The barcode text is displayed in the nest tabs on the Main screen and recorded to the log file.



bottom bar code – scanned by the instrument nest



bar code display

- **Side of the cassette** – A second bar code label is placed on the side of each gel cassette for user to optionally scan for internal tracking or LIMS.



bar code
for optional
user scanning

11.2.2 Sample ID entry

Sample ID information may be entered in the Sample ID field for both cassettes that are run on the PippinHT. Information may be entered in any of these ways:

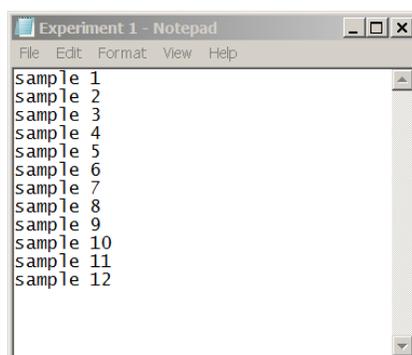
- **Keyed in manually** – use the Tab key scroll down fields and Shift-Tab to scroll up fields.
- **Scanned in with a barcode wand** – a bar code wand may be use with the USB port on the front or back of the PippinHT to scan bar coded sample IDs from a traveler or sample sheet.
- **Imported via .txt file from a USB port**— see below for instructions.



Sample ID fields

11.2.3 Importing Sample IDs

1. Save up to 12 sample ID names into a text (.txt) file as shown below.

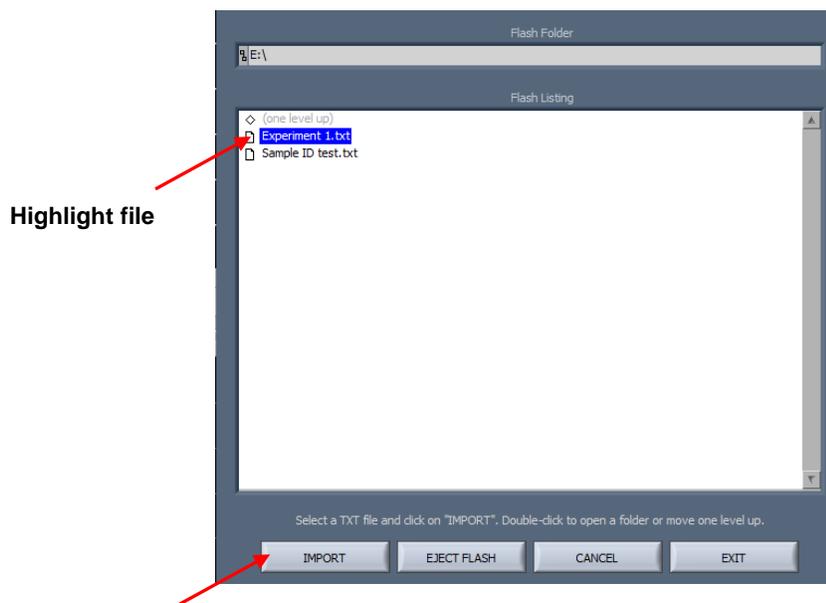


2. Place the file onto a USB drive and insert the drive into any USB port on the PippinHT.

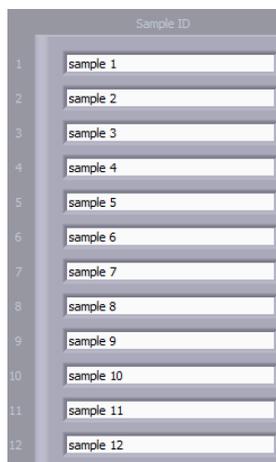
3. In Main screen, press *IMPORT* on the control panel, a pop-up window will appear.



4. In the pop-up window, select the sample ID file and press *IMPORT*.



5. Press *Exit* and verify that the information has been imported.



11.2.4 Using the Sample ID Template

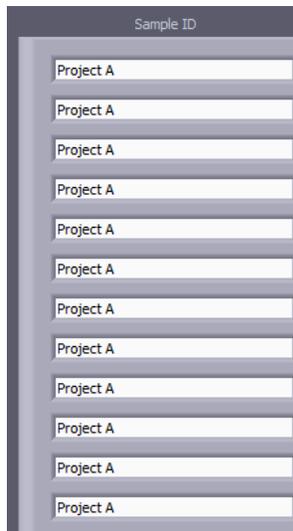
Users have the option to assign Sample ID Template to a size selection protocol. This information will prefix the Sample ID in the Main screen.

1. In the Protocol Editor when programming a protocol, enter a Sample ID Template.



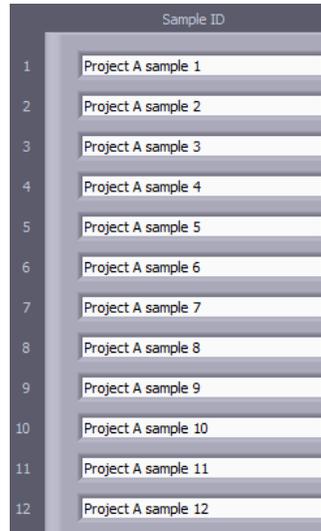
A screenshot of a software interface titled "Sample ID Template". It features a vertical list of 12 input fields, each containing the text "Project A". The fields are arranged in a single column, and the entire list is enclosed in a dark grey border.

2. When the protocol is saved or loaded, the Sample ID Template information will appear in the Sample ID fields in the Main Screen.



A screenshot of a software interface titled "Sample ID". It features a vertical list of 12 input fields, each containing the text "Project A". The fields are arranged in a single column, and the entire list is enclosed in a light grey border.

- When sample IDs are imported (see the previous section 11.2.3), the text fields will concatenate with the Sample ID Template as a prefix.



The image shows a screenshot of a software interface titled "Sample ID". It contains a vertical list of 12 numbered rows, each with a text input field. The text in each field is "Project A sample [number]", where the number corresponds to the row number (1 through 12). The fields are arranged in a column, and the numbers 1 through 12 are listed to the left of each field.

11.2.5 Log Files

Several log files are automatically saved after key operations on the PippinHT:

- Optical Calibration** -- at the end of every optical calibration routine, a screenshot of the result is saved as a .png file.
- Continuity Test** – at the end of every continuity test, a screenshot of the result is saved as a .png file.
- Main Screen** – at the end of every run, or if a run is stopped, a screenshot of the main screen is saved as a .png file.
- Run Log** – at the end of every run, or if a run is stopped, a text (.txt) file is saved. This file contains optical data, electrical current data, and protocol and sample information from a run. Run Log data may be viewed in the Log Review screen (See Section 12).

11.2.6 Log File Name Format

Log files are saved in folders (PippinHT/Logs/directory) that can be accessed in the Log Review (see Section 12) and File Manager (see Section 13) screens. Folders are named by date with a YYYY-MM convention and are auto-created every month (i.e. PippinHT/Logs/2014-09).

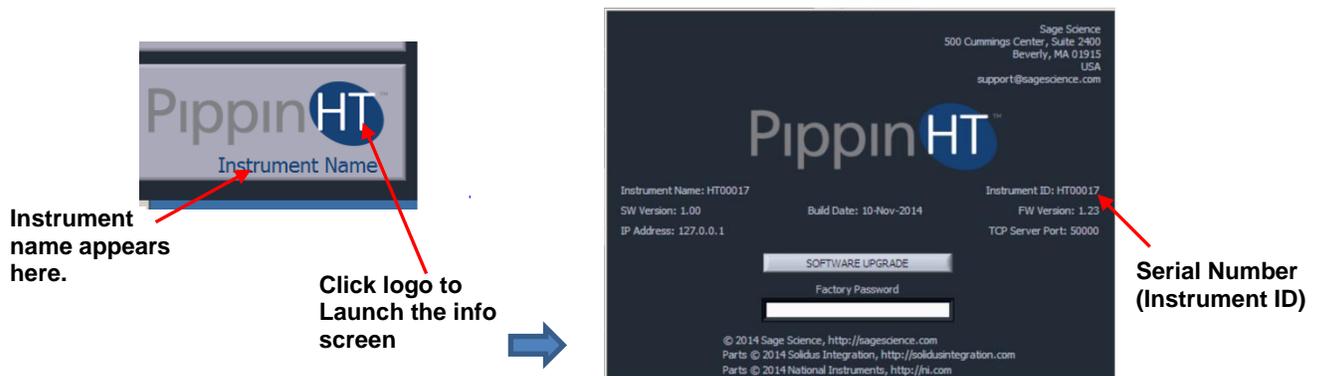
Log files have the following convention:

[instrument name]_[instrument serial number]_[YYYY-MM-DD]_[HH-MM-SS]_[test or protocol name].[png or txt]

The instrument name may be modified in the System Options screen (see below or Section 14).

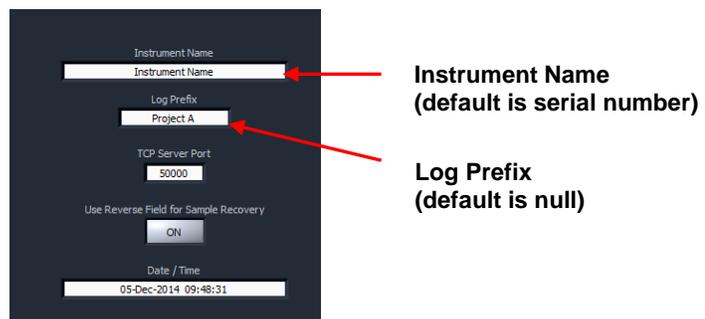


Note: The default instrument name is the serial number. If the instrument name is not modified by the user, the serial number will be in the log file names twice. Once the instrument name is modified, it will replace the serial number in the lower right corner of the Main screen. To access the serial number from software, click the PippinHT logo to launch the Info pop-up screen. The serial number (Instrument ID) is displayed on the right side. Click the pop-up to return to the main menu.



11.2.7 Adding a Prefix to Log File Names

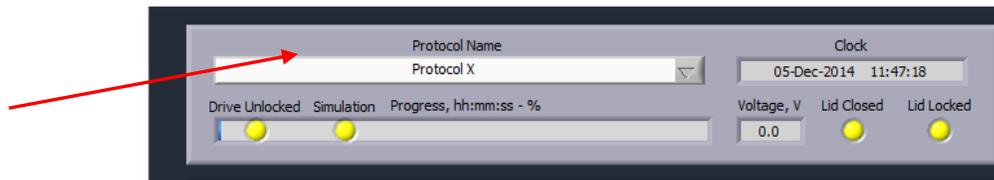
Users may add an additional prefix to the log name. In the System Option screen (see Section 14), entering text in the “Log Prefix” screen will add that text to the beginning of every log file, separated by an underscore.



Editable fields for log file names in the System Options screen

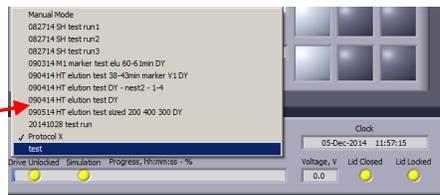
11.3 Starting, Pausing and Run Completion

1. Make sure the properly prepared cassettes are on the optical nests and samples have been loaded.
2. Close the instrument lid.
3. Make sure the correct size selection protocol has been loaded. The protocol name will appear in the "Protocol Name" field in the Run Status screen. The protocol that is currently loaded in the Protocol Editor screen will be loaded.

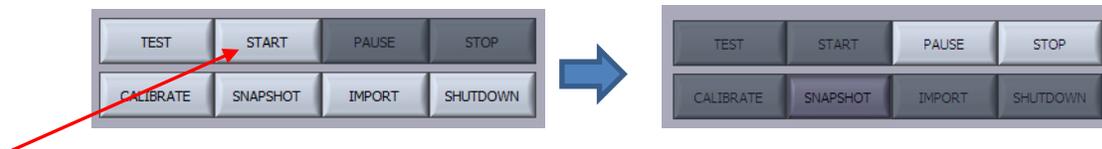


4. The different protocol can be loaded by clicking on the "Protocol Name" field and selecting a previously save protocol from the menu.

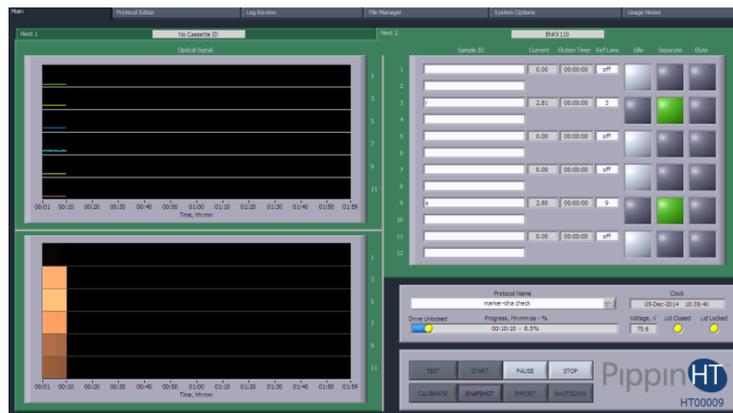
Load a previously saved protocol



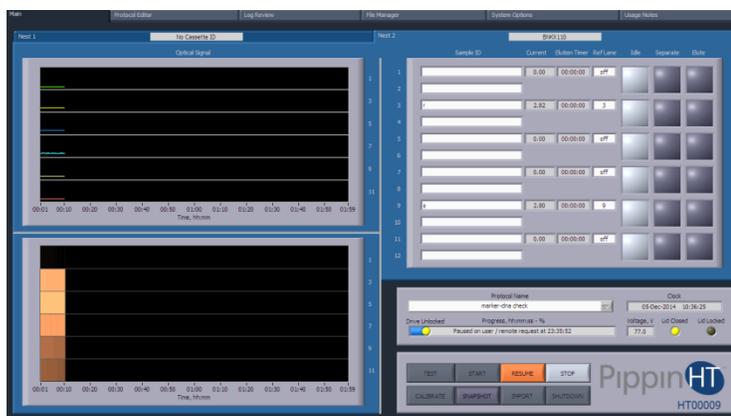
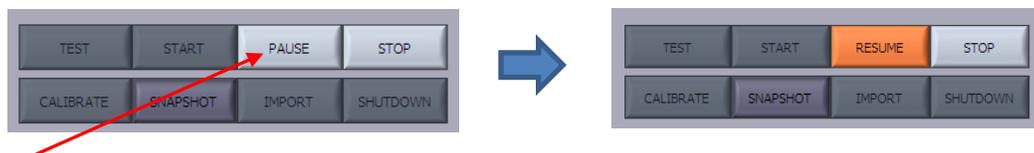
5. To begin a run, Press the START in the control panel.



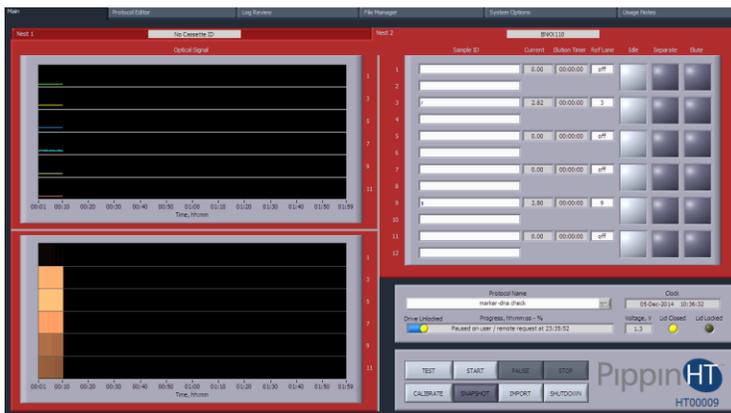
6. When a run has been started the background color of each running cassette/nest will indicate green:



7. When a run has been paused the background color of each running cassette/nest will indicate blue:



8. When a run has been stopped or when the run is complete, the background color of each running cassette/nest will indicate red:



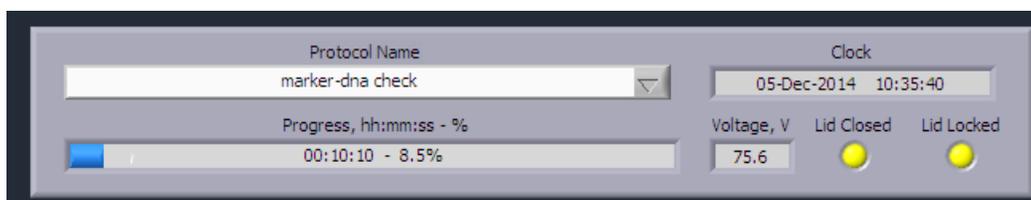
Note: The Run will end automatically when every elution is complete.

11.4 Monitoring a Run

11.4.1 Run Status Indicators

Run status Indicators display the following:

- Protocol being run
- Date and Time
- Run Progress (elapsed time)
- Electrophoresis voltage
- Lid Status



Note: The progress bar and % run value are based on the preset maximum run-time (displayed in the Protocol Editor screen), and has no bearing on the actual run times.

11.4.2 Lane Status Indicators

Lane Status indicator displays information for both cassette/nests. The cassette/nests screens can be toggled by clicking the tabs. The figure below show lane pairs in different states. The following information is displayed:

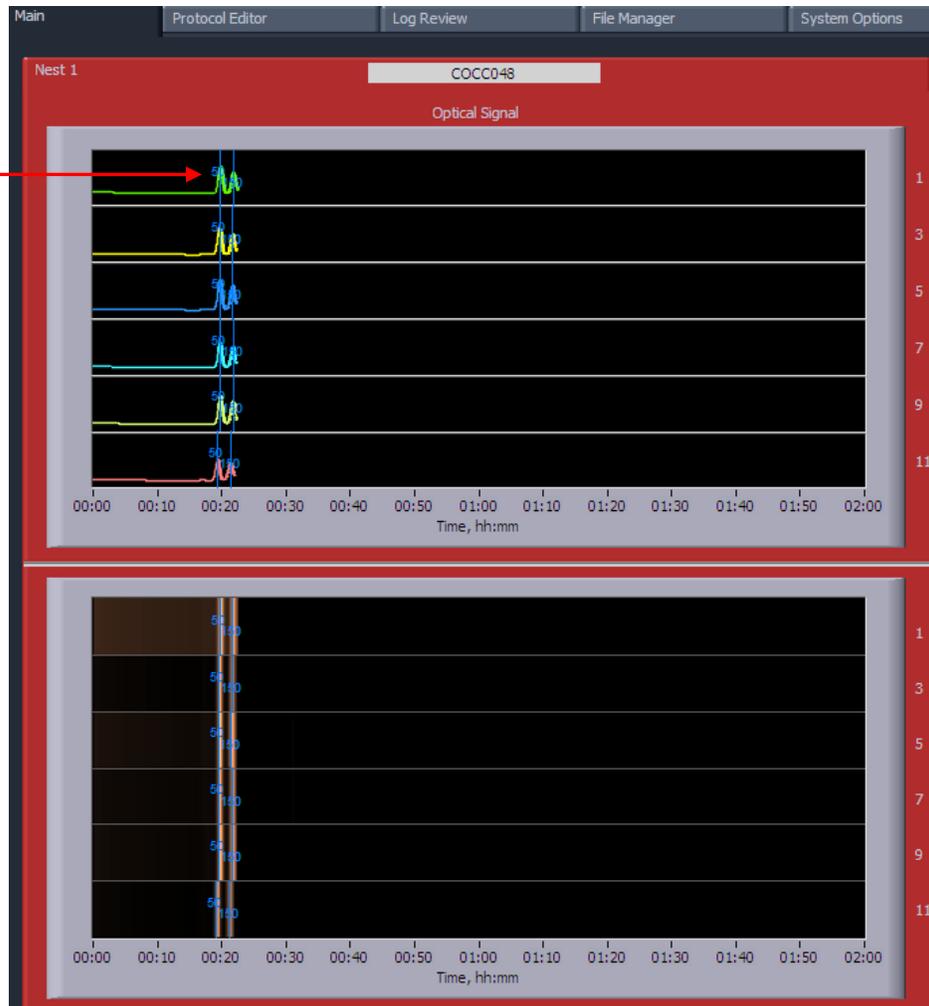
- Nest Number (on the screen tab)
- Cassette Serial Number (on the screen tab)
- Sample IDs
- Electrophoresis current (lane-pair)
- Elution time (lane-pair)
- Marker Reference lane (lane-pair)
- Lane-pair is idle (light gray, inactive or run complete)
- Lane-pair is separating (green)
- Lane-pair is eluting (orange)

Nest	Sample ID	Current	Elution Timer	Ref Lane	Idle	Separate	Elute	Status
1	sample 1	0.00	00:00:00	off	Light Gray	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Lane-pair is inactive
2	sample 2				Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	
3	sample 3	2.81	00:00:00	3	Dark Blue	Green	Dark Blue	Lane-pair is separating
4	sample 4				Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	
5	sample 5	2.80	00:04:01	5	Light Gray	Dark Blue	Orange	Lane-pair is eluting
6	sample 6				Light Gray	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	
7	sample 7	2.81	00:01:29	7	Light Gray	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Lane-pair run is complete
8	sample 8				Light Gray	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	
9	sample 9	2.80	00:00:00	9	Dark Blue	Green	Dark Blue	
10	sample 10				Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	
11	sample 11	0.00	00:00:00	off	Light Gray	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	
12	sample 12				Light Gray	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	

11.4.3 Optical Monitoring

Optical monitoring is provided for both cassette/nests. The cassette/nests screens can be toggled by clicking the tabs. There are two monitoring views for each nest; and electropherogram view, and an image view. Fluorescent markers are detected, a correctly identified marker will have a blue line through the peak.

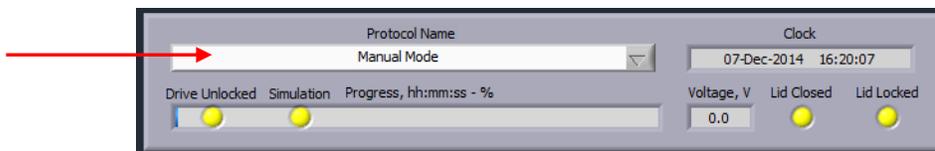
Correctly called peaks will be marked with blue lines and the marker size numbers.



11.5 Manual Mode

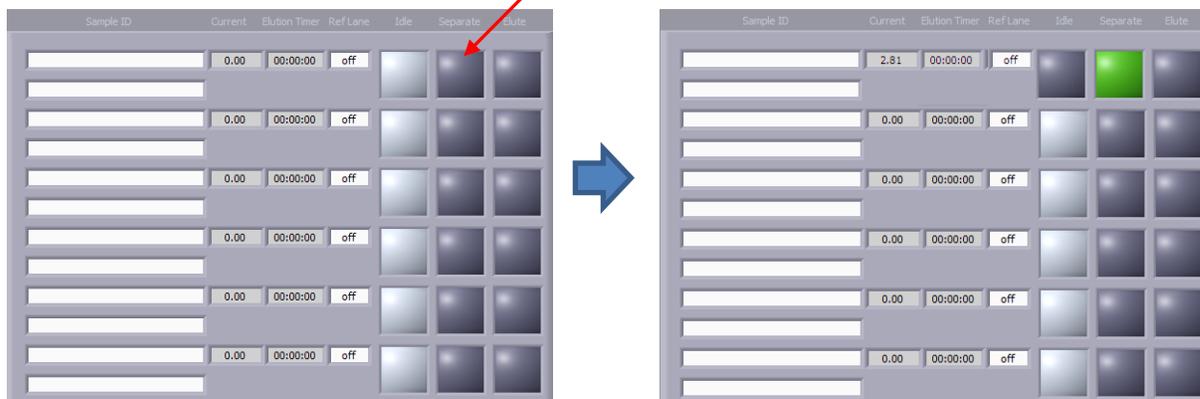
The PippinHT may run manually, without a programmed protocol.

1. In the run status indicator, select “Manual Mode” from the Protocol Name drop-down menu:



2. With a prepared cassette(s) on the instrument, and the lid closed, Press START.
3. In the lane status indicators, lane-pair electrophoresis can be started and stopped by pressing the indicators:

In Manual Mode, press indicators to control lane-pair electrophoresis directly



12 Log Review

The default screen on the PippinHT has a tabbed format. The Protocol Editor is the third tab.

12.1 Overview

The Log Review tab is the screen with which users can open saved log files and review the run data that was saved.

Log File selection

Log Review tab

Run parameters

Cassette review tabs

Cassette process tabs

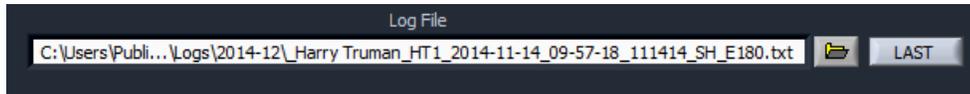
View tools

Cassette Review view

Cassette process view

12.1 Loading a file

1. Press the folder icon in the Log File window, or press *LAST* to load the file from the latest run on the PippinHT.



2. If the folder icon is pressed, a pop-up window will launch showing a Windows view of file tree. The directory path is:

C:\Users\Public\Documents\Sage Science\PippinHT\Logs\[latest folder]

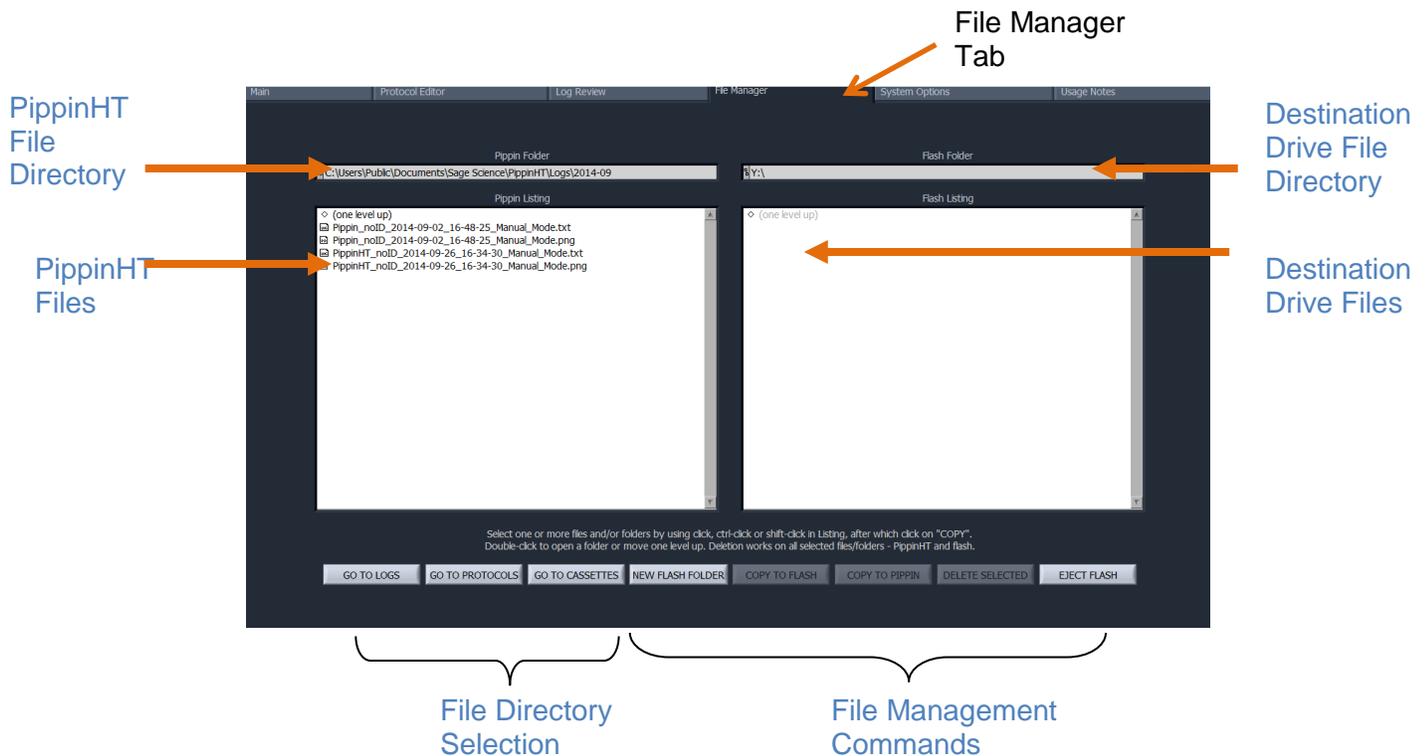
13 Managing Files

The default screen on the PippinHT is a tabbed format. The File Manager Tab is the fourth tab.

13.1 Overview

The File Manager Tab allows users to access, copy, and delete PippinHT files. There are three types of files used by the system; log (text and image), protocol and cassette type.

The screen is divided into two sub-screens; the Pippin file directory on the left, and a target directory (portable “flash” media, i.e. USB key) on the right.



13.2 File Types

There are three types of directories that host files on the PippinHT. These can be accessed in the lower right hand corner of the File Management Screen:



The file types are:

Log Files:

- **Optical Calibration** -- at the end of every optical calibration routine, a screenshot of the result is saved as a .png file.
- **Continuity Test** – at the end of every continuity test, a screenshot of the result is saved as a .png file.
- **Main Screen** – at the end of every run, or if a run is stopped, a screenshot of the main screen is saved as a .png file.
- **Run Log** – at the end of every run, or if a run is stopped, a text (.txt) file is saved. This files contains optical data, electrical current data, and protocol and sample information from a run. Run Log data may be viewed in the Log Review screen (See Section 12).

Protocol Files:

Size selection protocols that have been created by, named, and saved by PippinHT users. These have a .phprot file extension, and are only recognized by the PippinHT.

Cassette Files:

Cassette definition files. These are created by Sage Science and not editable by Pippin HT users. These have a .phcass file extension, and are added to the PippinHT during manufacture or through software upgrades.



Note. The PippinHT is equipped with 25 GB of storage. The combined files sizes for the log files saved for each run is about 150 kb, or a total storage capacity for 166,000 runs.

13.3 Transferring files

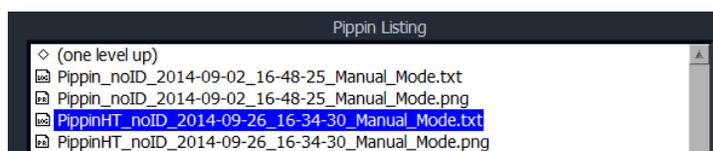
Files may be copied between the PippinHT and a USB flash drive. To transfer a file, place a USB drive into the USB port on the front panel of the instrument (the USB ports on the back panel may be used as well).

To transfer from the PippinHT to a USB Drive:

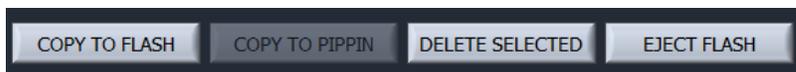
1. Select the directory from which the file will be copied.



2. Highlight the file to be copied from the PippinHT.



3. Press the "COPY TO FLASH" button.

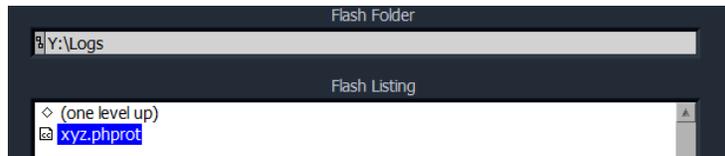


4. Press the "EJECT FLASH" button.

5. Remove the USB drive from the USB port.

To transfer from a USB Drive to the PippinHT:

1. Highlight the file to be copied.



2. Select the directory from which the file will be copied.



3. Press the "COPY TO PIPPIN" button.

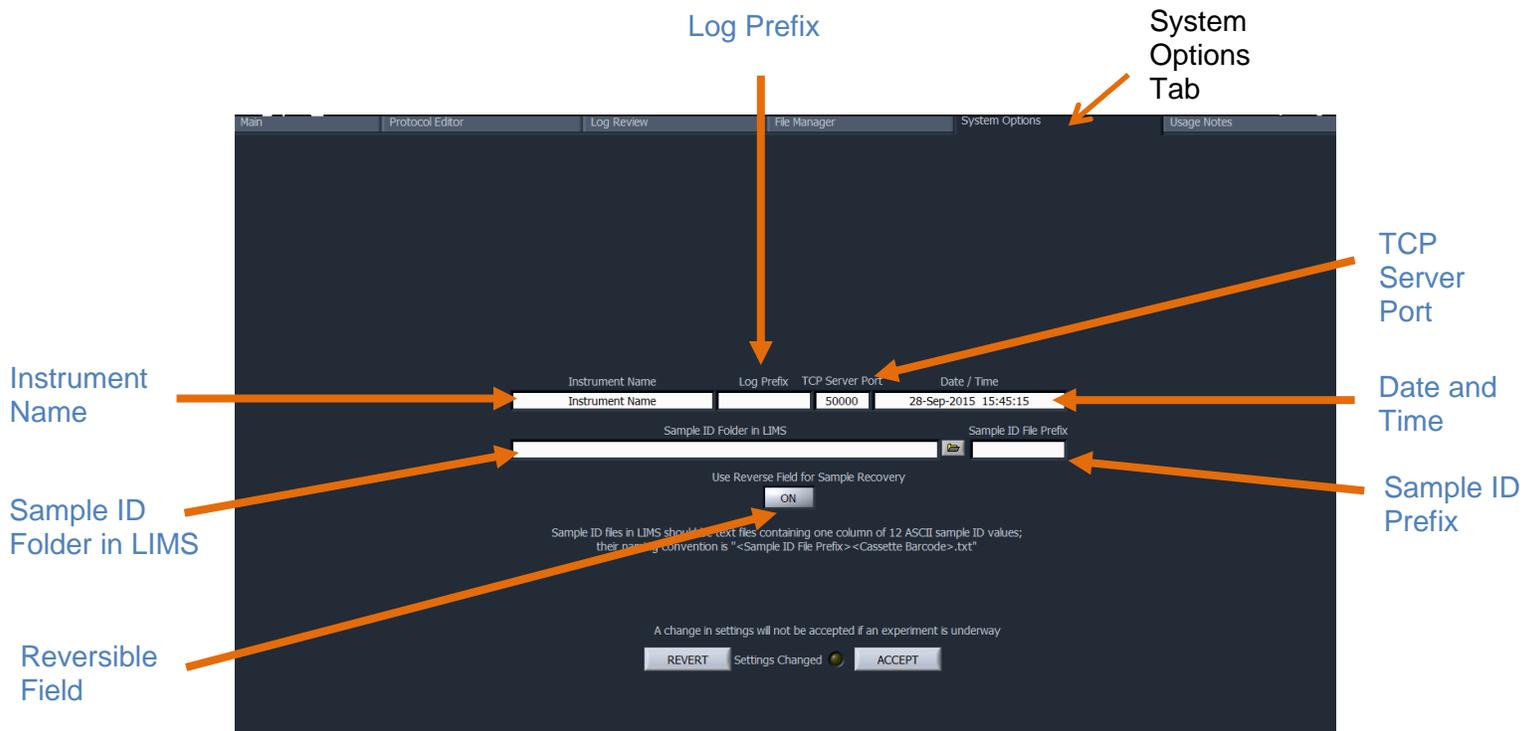


4. Press the "EJECT FLASH" button.

5. Remove the USB drive from the USB port.

14 System Options

The default screen on the PippinHT is a tabbed format. The System Options Tab is the fifth tab.



The System Options screen has several fields and one button with which PippinHT users may enter or change settings that are applied globally. It is also used to enter settings for interfacing with external devices:

- **Instrument name:** A name can be given to (or changed for) the instrument that will be displayed in the Main Tab and in the log files. The default string is the
- **Log Prefix:** This field allows users to enter a string which will be added as a prefix to every log file as it is saved. The default is a blank field.
- **TCP Server Port:** This field is used to set an address for the PippinHT if more than one instrument is placed under control of an external PC. PippinHTs can be grouped using the Ethernet port and an Ethernet hub.
- **Date/Time:** This allows users to set or change the date and time settings for the instrument. The date and time settings are recorded in log files and log file names

- **Sample ID folder in LIMS:** This field is used to enter an address on a remote server onto which log files can be exported when using a LIMS system.
- **Sample ID Prefix:** This field allows users to enter a string which will be added as a prefix to every sample name that is entered. The default is a blank field.
- **Reversible Field for Sample Recovery:** When activated, all sample collections will terminate with a 5 second field reversal to improve recovery. When deactivated, all sample collections will not include the field reversal. The default setting is off. When activated, the current will be reversed on all subsequent runs until the user changes the setting through the System Options tab.



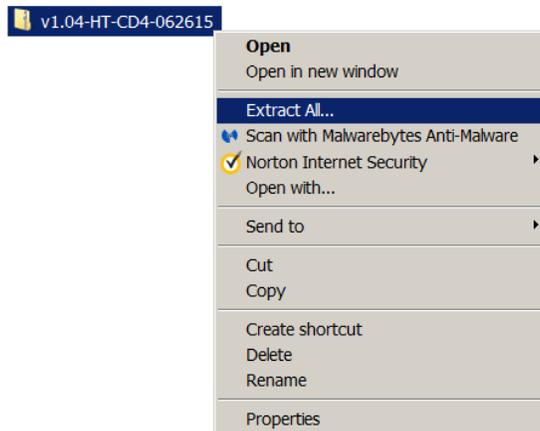
Note: Users should contact Sage Science for detailed protocols for group control of PippinHTs and/or LIMS integration.

15 Upgrading PippinHT Software

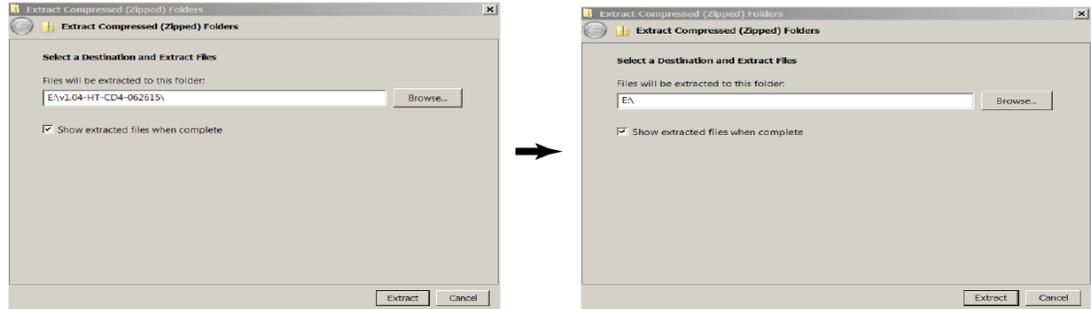
Pippin upgrade software is available for download at www.sagescience.com/support/. The files are provided in a zip file, and the contents must be extracted to the root directory of a USB flash drive.

15.1 Extracting the Files to a USB flash drive

1. Download the Software Upgrade package by pressing the appropriate link on www.sagescience.com/support (PippinHT “Software Downloads”).
2. Press “Save File” when prompted. The zip file will likely save to a “Downloads” folder on your computer. The file will be named [version number]-HT-[cassette definition (CD) list number]-[release date].zip. (example: v1.04-HT-CD4-062615.zip)
3. Copy the zip file to a USB drive. Make sure the file is transferred onto the root directory and not placed within a folder.
4. Right-click on the zip file, and select “Extract All”:



5. A window will launch to prompt you to select a destination where to extract files. The prompt may suggest creating folder based on the zip file name. If necessary, delete this and make sure that only the root directory appears (in the sample below, E:\ is the root directory of the USB drive).



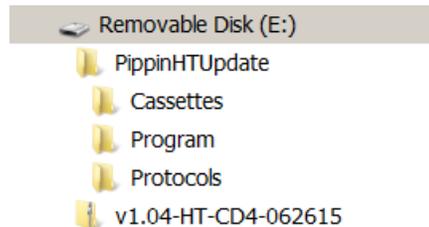
Correct:



Not Correct:



6. The final USB file structure should be as shown. The zip file may be deleted.

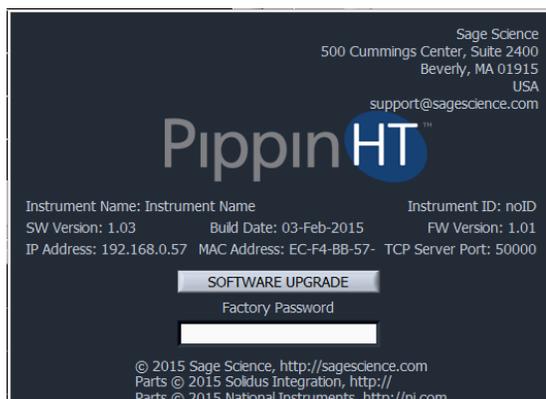


15.2 Upgrading the Pippin Instrument Software

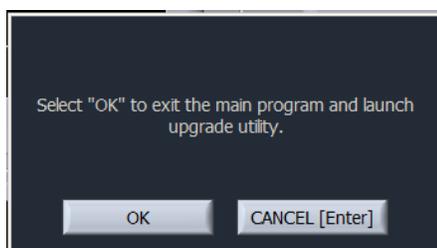
1. Insert the USB drive with the upgrade folder into the USB port on the front panel of PippinHT instrument.
2. From the Main Tab, click on the PippinHT logo. This will launch the information window.



3. From the Information Window, press “SOFTWARE UPGRADE”



4. Press “OK” at the warning prompt, the Software Upgrade Window will launch.



5. The current version of software will be displayed in the left column, and the version of software to be installed will display in the right column. Press “UPDATE SYSTEM”.



6. When the update is complete, the software version numbers will display the same revision number, and the “UPDATE SYSTEM” button will display dark gray.



7. Press “START PippinHT” to return to launch the updated software and return to the Main Screen.

16 Preventative Maintenance – Rinsing Electrodes

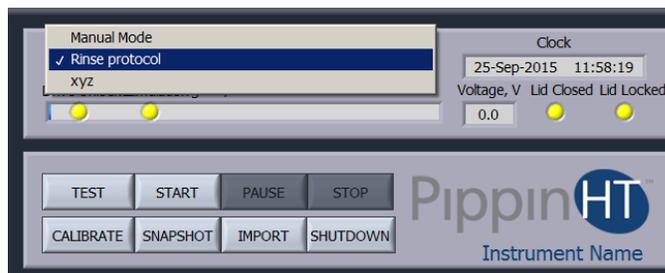
It is possible that salts will accumulate on the electrodes that are housed in the PippinHT lid assembly. This may alter the performance of the instrument over time. Two empty cassette bodies are provided with the PippinHT. These should be filled with deionized water and used with the procedure below.



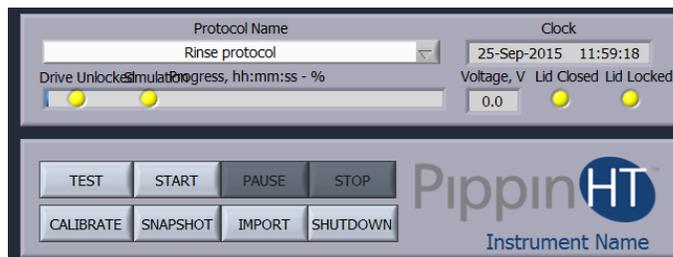
Important! Electrodes should be rinsed **after 5 runs or once per week**, whichever is more frequent.

16.1 Electrode Rinse Procedure

1. Fill the rinse cassette(s) with deionized water.
2. Place the cassette(s) on to the nest(s).
3. In the PippinHT software, go to the Main Screen.
4. Select “Rinse protocol” from the Protocol Name Menu.



5. Press “START”. The rinse procedure will take about 5 minutes.



17 *Warranty and Service*

Warranty

Sage Science will offer a no charge repair or replacement of defective product if notified within the warranty period and product has not been misused, altered or damaged by disaster. This warranty is not transferable from the original purchaser to a subsequent purchaser.

Instruments – *The PippinHT instrument and monitor have a standard 1-year parts and labor warranty. Instruments are subject to depot repair or replacement. On-site maintenance or repair is not implied. Do not attempt to repair or disassemble the PippinHT instrument. This will void the remaining warranty and possibly create a dangerous condition. Sage Science support staff may ask for a log file or image file to evaluate or troubleshoot instrument issues.*



High Voltage! *The PippinHT contains high voltage apparatus. The instrument should be repaired by authorized personnel only. Do not disassemble under any circumstance.*

Cassettes – *Cassettes have a 18-month warranty. If a cassette or sample lane is defective Sage Science will replace the cassette at no cost. The defective cassette should be disposed of as per regulations at the user's facility. Sage Science support staff may ask for a log file or image file to evaluate or troubleshoot cassette issues.*

Cassette Disposal

Reagents and buffer should be disposed of according to internal lab safety policy. Cassettes should be disposed of as laboratory waste.

 **Note:** *Internal standards use fluorescein dye.*

18 *Instrument Specifications*

Specifications for PippinHT Instrument

<i>Electrophoresis Voltage</i>	<i>up to 100V, constant or pulsed</i>
<i>Optical detection</i>	<i>470 nm excitation, 525 nm emission</i>
<i>Power Requirements</i>	<i>100-240 VAC +/-10% VAC, 2.5 A, 50-60 Hz</i>
<i>Weight</i>	<i>20 lbs / 9 kg</i>
<i>Dimensions</i>	
• <i>Closed Position:</i>	<i>13"W x 10.5"H x 10"D (33 x 27 x 25 cm)</i>
• <i>Open Position:</i>	<i>13"W x 18"H x 17" D (33 x 46 x 43 cm)</i>

Approvals

<i>Country of Origin</i>	<i>United States</i>
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19 Gel Cassettes Specifications

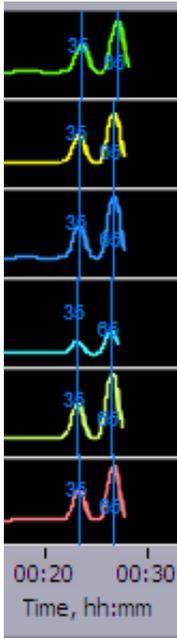
Specifications – Dye free cassettes	
Minimum Sample Load	<i>low single nanograms</i>
Maximum Sample Load¹	<i>1.5 µg sheared genomic DNA</i>
Accuracy²	<i>specified on following pages</i>
Reproducibility³	<i>specified on following pages</i>
Sample Recovery⁴	<i>50-80%</i>

1. Up to 3 ug of DNA may be loaded, however accuracy may be affected by load amounts over 1.5 ug and the distribution profile of DNA fragments.
2. Deviation of actual target value from software input value divided by the actual value.
3. 2X standard deviation of replicate samples.
4. Recovery is measured using known amounts of plasmid marker ladder.

19.1 3% Agarose, 90 bp-250 bp, Marker 30A

Kit Numbers: **HTC3010, HTC3004**
 Use Cassette Definition: **3% Agarose 90-250bp 30A**

DNA Marker 30A - Typical times to detector



Estimated Collection Times for Minimum Size Range (Tight) Targets

Target (bp)	Time to Time to Collect* (min)
100	31
150	38
250	47

* Run times are affected by temperature and broad range collections. Times should be used as an approximate guideline.

Performance Specifications*

90-250 bp

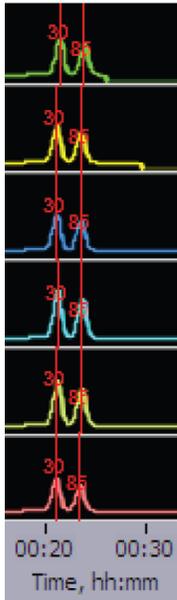
Minimum Size Distribution as CV	<8%
Sample Recovery	50 – 80%
Accuracy	<5%
Reproducibility	< 5%

Specifications subject to change without notice
 * see page 17-1 for specification definitions

19.2 2% Agarose, 100 bp-600 bp, Marker 20B

Kit Numbers: **HTC2010, HTC2004**
 Use Cassette Definition: **2% Agarose 100-300bp 20B**

DNA Marker 20B - Typical times to detector



Estimated Collection Times for Minimum Size Range (Tight) Targets

Target (bp)	Time to Time to Collect* (min)
100	25
200	28
300	32
400	36
500	40
600	45

* Run times are affected by temperature and broad range collections. Times should be used as an approximate guideline.

Performance Specifications*

100-600 bp

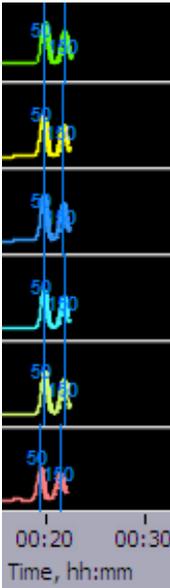
Minimum Size Distribution as CV	<8%
Sample Recovery	50 – 80%
Accuracy	<5%
Reproducibility	< 5%

Specifications subject to change without notice
 * see page 17-1 for specification definitions

19.3 1.5% Agarose, 250 bp-1.5 kb, Marker 15C

Kit Numbers: **HTC1510, HTC1504**
 Use Cassette Definition: **1.5% Agarose 250bp-1.5kb 15C**

DNA Marker 15C - Typical times to detector



Estimated Collection Times for Minimum Size Range (Tight) Targets

Target (bp)	Time to Time to Collect* (min)
500	32
800	37
1100	40
1400	45

* Run times are affected by temperature and broad range collections. Times should be used as an approximate guideline.

Performance Specifications*

250-1500 bp

Minimum Size Distribution as CV	<8%
Sample Recovery	50 – 80%
Accuracy	<5%
Reproducibility	< 5%

Specifications subject to change without notice

*** see page 17-1 for specification definitions**

19.4 0.75% Agarose, High-Pass >6-10 kb, Marker 75D

Kit Numbers: **HPD7510, HPD7504**
 Use Cassette Definition: **0.75% Agarose 6-10kb high-pass 75D**

DNA Marker 75D - Typical times to detector



Estimated Collection Times for Minimum Size Range (Tight) Targets

High Pass Threshold (bp)	Time to Time to Collect* (min)
6000	63
7000	67
8000	70
9000	74

* Run times are affected by ambient temperature.
 Times should be used as an approximate guideline.

Performance Specifications*

>6000-10000 bp

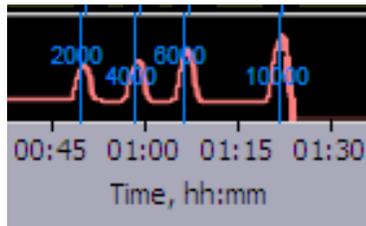
Minimum Size Distribution as CV	N/A
Sample Recovery	50 – 80%
Start Value Accuracy	<10%
Start Value Reproducibility	< 10%

Specifications subject to change without notice
 * see page 17-1 for specification definitions

19.5 0.75% Agarose, High-Pass >15-20 kb, Marker 75E

Kit Numbers: **HPE7510, HPE7504**
 Use Cassette Definition: **0.75% Agarose 15-20kb high-pass 75E**

**DNA Marker 75E -
 Typical times to detector**



**Estimated Collection Times for
 Minimum Size Range (Tight) Targets**

High Pass Threshold (bp)	Time to Time to Collect* (hr:min)
15000	2:20
17000	2:34
20000	2:45

* Run times are affected by ambient temperature.
 Times should be used as an approximate guideline.

Performance Specifications*

>15000-20000 bp

Minimum Size Distribution as CV	N/A
Sample Recovery	50 – 80%
Start Value Accuracy	<10%
Start Value Reproducibility	< 10%

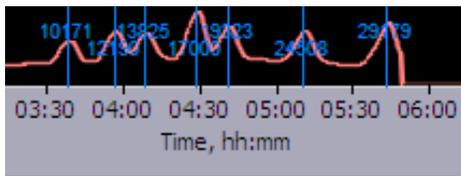
Specifications subject to change without notice

*** see page 17-1 for specification definitions**

19.6 0.75% Agarose, High-Pass >30-40 kb, Marker 75F

Kit Numbers: **HPF7510, HPF7504**
 Use Cassette Definition: **0.75% Agarose 30-40kb high-pass 75F**

DNA Marker 75F - Typical times to detector



Estimated Collection Times for Minimum Size Range (Tight) Targets

High Pass Threshold (bp)	Time to Time to Collect* (hr:min)
15000	2:20
17000	2:34
20000	2:45

* Run times are affected by ambient temperature.
 Times should be used as an approximate guideline.

Performance Specifications*

>30000-40000 bp

Minimum Size Distribution as CV	N/A
Sample Recovery	50 – 80%
Start Value Accuracy	<10%
Start Value Reproducibility	< 10%

Specifications subject to change without notice
 * see page 17-1 for specification definitions